

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022

Board of County Commissioners

Mark Arndt, Chairman

Jon Becker

Gordon Westhoff

<u>Director of Finance</u> Michelle Covelli Dustin Corliss, Interim

<u>Director of Information Systems</u> Karol Kopetzky

Information Systems Specialist Vicki Jump

> Payroll Manager Lori Crispin

Accounting Specialists
Pamela Arndt
Raina Hallahan

Payroll Technician
MJ Rhoades

Prepared by: Finance and Information Systems Departments

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page No.</u>
Letter of Transmittal GFOA Certificate of Achievement Organizational Chart List of Principal Officials	1 – 5 7 8 9
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	11 – 13
Management's Discussion and Analysis	14 – 23
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	27 28 – 29
Governmental Funds Financial Statements:  Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	30 32 33
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	35 36 37
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	38 39
Notes to the Financial Statements	40– 63

i

	Page No.
Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A: Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budgets and Actual: Major Funds:	
General Fund Road and Bridge Fund Social Services Fund Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	68 – 69 70 71 72
Supplemental Information:	
Combining Statements of Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	76 – 77
Fund Balances	78 – 79
Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual:  Special Revenue Funds:	
911 Emergency Telephone Fund	80 81
Lodging Tax Tourism Fund Conservation Trust Fund	82
Sheriff's Confiscation/Seizure Fund	83
Capital Improvement Funds: Jail Capital Improvement Fund	84
Enterprise Funds: Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Budget and Actual: Ambulance Service Fund	87
Solid Waste Management Fund	88
Internal Service Fund: Comparative Schedule of Net Position Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	91
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	92

Fiduciary Funds: Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds  Supplemental Schedules: Local Highway Finance Report Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance Reconciliation  Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Program Revenues by Function/Program Tax Revenues by Function/Program Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Property Tax Levies and Collections Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Private Employers Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 132 – 133 Operating Indicators by Function/Program 132 – 133
Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance Reconciliation  STATISTICAL SECTION  Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Program Revenues by Function/Program Tax Revenues by Function/Program Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Private Employers Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program  104 – 105 104 – 105 104 – 105 105 – 105 106 – 105 110 – 117 110 – 117 111 – 115 112 – 113 113 – 115 114 – 115 115 115 116 – 117 117 118 – 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119
Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance Reconciliation 100 – 107  STATISTICAL SECTION  Net Position by Component 104 – 108 Changes in Net Position 106 – 108 Fund Balance, Governmental Funds 110 – 117 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 112 – 113 Program Revenues by Function/Program 114 – 118 Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds 116 Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property 118 – 119 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates 120 – 127 Principal Property Tax Payers 122 Property Tax Levies and Collections 123 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type 124 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt 125 Legal Debt Margin Information 126 Demographic and Economic Statistics 127 Principal Private Employers 129 Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 130 – 137
Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Program Revenues by Function/Program Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Private Employers Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 104 – 105 106 – 105 110 – 117 111 – 113 112 – 113 113 – 115 114 – 115 115 – 115 112 – 113 114 – 115 115 – 115 116 – 116 117 – 117 118 – 118 119 – 117 119
Changes in Net Position Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Program Revenues by Function/Program Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Private Employers Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program  106 – 109 110 – 113 110 – 113 112 – 113 112 – 113 113 – 115 114 – 115 115 – 115 116 – 109 110 – 117 117 – 117 118 – 118 119 – 119 118 – 11
Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Program Revenues by Function/Program 114 – 115 Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Private Employers Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 110 – 117 110 – 117 111 – 113 112 – 113 113 – 115 114 – 115 115 – 115 116 – 117 117 – 117 118 – 118 119 – 119 119
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Program Revenues by Function/Program Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Private Employers Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program  112 – 113 114 – 115 115 – 115 116 – 115 117 – 115 118 – 115 119 – 119 119 – 119 119 –
Program Revenues by Function/Program Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Private Employers Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program  114 – 115 115 116 117 118 – 115 118 – 115 119 118 – 115 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds  Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property  Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates  Principal Property Tax Payers  Property Tax Levies and Collections  Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type  Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt  Legal Debt Margin Information  Demographic and Economic Statistics  Principal Private Employers  Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program  118 – 118  119 – 129  120 – 127  121  122  123  124  125  125  126  127  129  130 – 137
Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates 120 – 121 Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections 123 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Private Employers Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 118 – 119 120 – 121 121 122 123 124 125 125 126 127 127 128 129 129 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates  Principal Property Tax Payers  Property Tax Levies and Collections  Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type  Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt  Legal Debt Margin Information  Demographic and Economic Statistics  Principal Private Employers  Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program  120 – 127  121  122  123  124  125  126  127  127  128  129  130 – 137
Principal Property Tax Payers 122 Property Tax Levies and Collections 123 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type 124 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt 125 Legal Debt Margin Information 126 Demographic and Economic Statistics 127 Principal Private Employers 129 Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 130 – 137
Property Tax Levies and Collections  Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type  Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt  Legal Debt Margin Information  Demographic and Economic Statistics  Principal Private Employers  Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program  123  124  125  126  127  127  128  129  130 – 137
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type  Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt  Legal Debt Margin Information  Demographic and Economic Statistics  Principal Private Employers  Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program  124  125  126  127  128  129  130 – 137
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Private Employers Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 125
Legal Debt Margin Information 126 Demographic and Economic Statistics 127 Principal Private Employers 129 Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 130 – 137
Demographic and Economic Statistics 127 Principal Private Employers 129 Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 130 – 137
Principal Private Employers 129 Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 130 – 13
Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program 130 – 13
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
, ,
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program 134 – 135
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards 137 – 138
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program:
And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With
The Uniform Guidance 139 – 14 <sup>2</sup>
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 143
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 144 - 145





August 28, 2023

To the Citizens of Morgan County, Colorado:

State law requires that every government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for Morgan County Government for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

The County's Annual Financial Report was prepared by the Department of Accounting and Finance for Morgan County Government. The responsibility for both the accuracies of the data, and the completeness and the fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. Morgan County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the County's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Morgan County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Watson Coon Ryan, LLC was selected to perform the 2022 audit. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and related Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance and auditor's reports on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, is included in the single audit section. Watson Coon Ryan, LLC have issued an unmodified ("clean")

opinion on Morgan County Government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. The independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors report and provides a narrative introduction overview and an analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

This report includes activities for which the Board of County Commissioners is accountable to the citizens of Morgan County, financially, or by state statute. All applicable funds, departments, and offices are included in these financial statements as part of the primary government of Morgan County.

Morgan County Government offers a full range of services. These services include police protection; human services; ambulance services; solid waste management services; maintenance and construction of roadways, bridges, and infrastructure to support these activities; recreational and cultural facilities and events; 911 emergency telephone and other public safety telephone services; and land use planning services.

### PROFILE OF MORGAN COUNTY

Morgan County is located on the High Plains of Northeastern Colorado, well-situated on Interstate Highway 76 and U.S. Highway 34. The County is only 79 miles from Metro Denver and major U.S. trade corridors. The Denver International Airport is within an hour's drive. The population of Morgan County is 29,239. Morgan County encompasses five incorporated cities and towns as well as a large unincorporated area. The largest city is Fort Morgan with a population of 11,453. Morgan County offers several community and recreational facilities. Jackson Lake is a popular recreational area in Morgan County that attracts weekend visitors as well as year-round residents wanting to retire to a rural area. The area offers fishing and boating while the climate allows year-round residence. Some of the finest hunting in North America is found in the area, including pheasant, turkey, grouse, quail, geese, duck, deer, and antelope. Morgan County has moderate summers, crisp falls, cool winters, and warm springs. There are 330 days of sunshine annually, 14.9 inches annual precipitation, and 29.7 inches average snowfall. Annual average temperature is 64 degrees F.

### PROFILE OF MORGAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT

The County is governed by a three-member Board of County Commissioners. Commissioners are elected from districts of relatively equal population by the voters at large. They serve staggered four-year terms and function as the County's policymaking body. The County is also served by seven other elected officials: assessor, clerk and recorder, coroner, district attorney, sheriff, treasurer, and surveyor.

The County Commissioners annually adopt budgets by department for all funds except the custodial funds. The annual budget is approved and appropriated by fund. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level. Each department within a fund may not legally exceed the approved budget for that department without prior approval of the County Commissioners. Supplemental appropriations can be approved by the Board of County Commissioners if needed during the year to provide for those items that were unknown or unforeseen at the time the budget was originally adopted.

Morgan County Government employs 281 FTE's (full time equivalents). Full-time employees receive a comprehensive compensation package typical of county governments. Benefits include paid leave, medical insurance plans and a defined contribution retirement plan.

### LOCAL ECONOMY

In 2021, the County assessed value certified by the County Assessor increased by 5.4%. This increase is significant as Morgan County does not have a County sales tax, so assessed value is critical to the County's operations. Agriculture is the primary industry in Morgan County with retailers, other locally focused businesses, and government operations supporting area farming and ranching communities. The major crops grown in the County include corn, sugar beets, hay, silage, wheat, potatoes, onions, alfalfa, and turf. The dairy industry also continues to have a strong presence. Cargill Meat Solutions Corporation is the largest employer in the county, employing 2,100 employees. The next largest employer is Viaero Wireless with 501 employees followed by Leprino Foods with 350 employees. The unemployment rate in Morgan County in 2022 was 2.7%. Morgan County's unemployment rate of 2.7% is slightly lower than the State rate of 2.8%. Morgan County's location near the Front Range allows easy access for the opportunities of the big cities while maintaining the benefits of a rural lifestyle – with a large residential growth in Wiggins, the most western community in Morgan County. The County prides itself on maintaining tradition while looking to the future.

### COUNTY LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Facilities planning and maintenance continue to be a major area of emphasis for the County. The County is in the process of reviewing the capital improvement plan. The County Commissioners have decided to use the County's American Recovery Funds for an expansion project to be constructed at the County Jail facility. The County experienced problems segregating inmates during the COVID pandemic. The County did create the Jail Capital Improvement Fund in 2008 to accumulate monies for the future expansion of the facility. In addition, the County will apply for a grant to help fund the Jail project. The County may also have to look to the other municipalities to help fund the jail. The current complex was built in 1985.

### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

In 2022, the County constructed a new building to house one of the County's motorgraders. This building was built to replace an older facility. The new building will be used to store machinery and equipment for the area south of Fort Morgan.

The Sheriff's department purchased body camera equipment for their all units and officers using partial funding from a grant the County received. The cost of this project was \$130,000.

In addition, in 2022, the County applied for an Energy Impact Assistance grant through the Colorado Department of Local Affairs. The County was awarded a \$700,000 grant for a project to improve energy efficiency for the Morgan County Justice Center, Department of Human Services building, County Administration building, and Morgan County Fairgrounds. This project will begin in 2023 to be completed in 2024.

### **AWARDS**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Morgan County for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR), whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Morgan County Government has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-nine consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1993-2021). We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The preparation of the annual comprehensive financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance and Accounting department and Information Systems department. Each member of the departments has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. These people work together as a highly effective team to promote the excellence we strive for. Appreciation is also expressed to the Board of County Commissioners who establishes the policies which provide for sound financial management and to all the other elected officials, department heads, and County employees for their cooperation in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the County.

Respectfully submitted,

Dusty Corliss

**Dustin Corliss** 

Interim Director of Finance and Accounting





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Morgan County Government Colorado

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

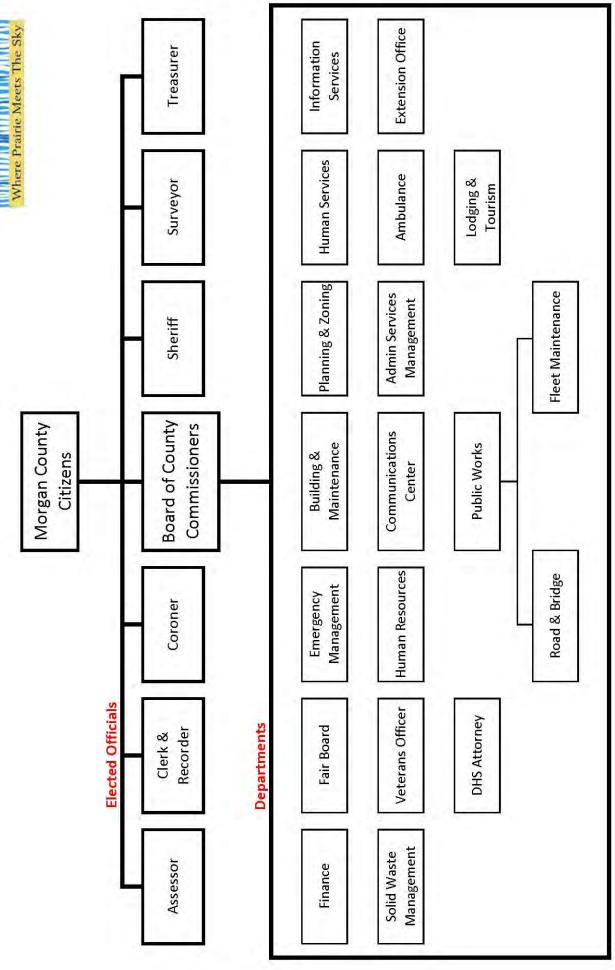
December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# Morgan County Organizational Chart



List of Principal Officials As of December 31, 2022

### TITLE NAME

### **ELECTED**

Chairman, Board of County Commissioners Jon Becker Commissioner Mark A. Arndt Gordon Weshoff Commissioner Tim M. Amen Assessor Susan L. Bailey Clerk & Recorder Coroner Don Heer Sheriff David D. Martin Surveyor Nichole F. Hay

Treasurer

APPOINTED Michelle Covelli Accounting & Finance Director Administrative Services Manager Karla Powell Ambulance Manager Travis Freeman Attorney Jeff Parker **Director of Communications** Director of Human Resources Tracy Amen Director of Human Services **Emergency Operations Coordinator** Roger Doll Information Systems Manager Interim Clerk & Recorder - July 30, 2022 Kevin Strauch Interim Finance Director - August 1, 2022 **Dustin Corliss** Manager of Bridge Construction James Rehn Manager of Building Operations

Manager of Environment Manager of Road Construction Planning & Zoning Administrator Public Works Director Shop Manager **Veterans Officer** 

Robert A. Sagel



FINANCIAL SECTION	



6025 SOUTH QUEBEC STREET, SUITE 260 CENTENNIAL, COLORADO 80111 303-792-3020 (o) | 303-232-7237 (f) WWW.WCRCPA.COM

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Morgan County, Colorado

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Morgan County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Morgan County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Morgan County, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Morgan County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Morgan County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morgan County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Morgan County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Morgan County's basic financial statements. The Local Highway Finance report, Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance reconciliation, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S.

Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Local Highway Finance report, Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance reconciliation, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 28, 2023 on our consideration of Morgan County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Morgan County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Morgan County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CENTENNIAL, COLORADO

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC

August 28, 2023

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the County of Morgan, we offer readers of Morgan County Government's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Morgan County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal and basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets and deferred inflows of Morgan County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$156.7 million (net position) at the end of 2022. Of this amount, \$47 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The remaining \$109 million is invested in capital assets or restricted by law.
- The County's General Fund balance was \$38.4 million as of December 31, 2022 Of this amount, \$1,000,000 is restricted for emergencies,\$5,646,118 is restricted for American Recovery Plan, \$56,711 is restricted for Clerk E-filing, \$2,489 is committed for the Tri Centennial, \$978,931 is committed for the Human Services building, \$11 million is assigned for capital building projects, and \$110,863 is assigned for other agencies. The remaining \$19.6 million is unassigned fund balance. The 2021 fund balance was \$35.7 million.
- The total 2022 General Fund balance is \$38.4 million, which is \$2.7 million more than
  the 2021 General Fund operating expenditures plus transfers out. Morgan County
  does not have a county sales tax and relies heavily on property tax collections as a
  main revenue source. Current property taxes represent 82% of the General Fund
  revenue in 2022.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. Morgan County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements including combining statements for non-major funds, and a statistical section.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Morgan County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus

revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, for example uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguished functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Morgan County include general government, public safety, highways and bridges, recreation, and human services. The business-type activities of the County include operation of a solid waste landfill and a County ambulance service.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Morgan County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Morgan County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Morgan County maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, road and bridge fund, and the social services fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Morgan County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all major funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all major governmental funds on pages 68-71 of this report. Data from the other five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 76-79 in this report. Governmental funds budgets for the non-major funds are provided on pages 80-84. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-34 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds.** Morgan County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented in the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the solid waste landfill and the ambulance service operation. The County also maintains an internal service fund as an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. Morgan County uses the internal service fund to account for its fleet of vehicles,

county attorney, human resources, accounting and purchasing services and its management information systems. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste Management Fund and the Ambulance Service Fund, both of which are considered to be business type activities funds as well as the Internal Service Fund which is considered a governmental activities fund.

Enterprise Fund statements are on pages 35 – 37. The Internal Service Fund schedule of net position is on page 91. Budget to actual comparisons for the Enterprise Funds are on pages 87 – 88. Budget to actual comparison for the Internal Services Fund is on page 92.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support Morgan County's own operations. One of four types of fiduciary funds is Custodial Funds. Morgan County maintains four Custodial Funds. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. A Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position is on page 94 and a Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds is on page 95.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 40 - 63 of this report.

### **COUNTY-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

**Net Position.** As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of December 31, 2022, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$156.7 million. The largest portion of Morgan County's net position (57%) is invested in capital assets. The net investment in capital assets is \$88.9 million. These assets include land, buildings, machinery, and equipment, as well as infrastructure. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources as the assets themselves cannot be liquidated to repay the debt.

An additional \$20.3 million of net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The largest portion of the restricted net position, \$9.7 million, is restricted for the Roadways.

The County had an unrestricted net position of \$47.5 million, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The three categories of net position are: net investment in capital assets, assets subject to certain restrictions, and unrestricted assets. At the end of 2022, Morgan County had positive balances in all three categories of net position both for governmental activities and business type activities.

### Morgan County Government Net Position

	Governmenta		tal a	al activities		Business-type activities				Total Government			
		2022	_	2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Assets													
Current and other													
assets	\$	90,277,948	\$	84,003,212	\$	8,105,165	\$	7,757,081	\$	98,383,113	\$	91,760,293	
Capital assets		85,897,227		93,185,674		3,020,720		2,288,318		88,917,947		95,473,992	
Total assets		176,175,175		177,188,886		11,125,885		10,045,399		187,301,060		187,234,285	
Liabilities													
Current liabilities		8,157,155		4,487,280		1,046,477		123,825		9,203,632		4,611,105	
Long-term liabilities		1,070,467		916,366		895,497		809,193		1,965,964		1,725,559	
Total liabilities		9,227,622	_	5,403,646		1,941,974		933,018		11,169,596		6,336,664	
Deferred Property Tax													
Revenue		19,449,004	_	19,581,446						19,449,004		19,581,446	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of													
resources		28,676,626		24,985,092	_	1,941,974		933,018	_	30,618,600		25,918,110	
Net position													
Net investment in capital													
assets		85,897,227		93,185,674		3,020,720		2,288,318		88,917,947		95,473,992	
Restricted		20,288,938		17,460,049		-		=		20,288,938		17,460,049	
Unrestricted		41,312,384	_	41,558,071		6,163,191		6,824,063		47,475,575	_	48,382,134	
Total net position	\$	147,498,549	\$	152,203,794	\$	9,183,911	\$	9,112,381	\$	156,682,460	\$	161,316,175	

The total net position decreased in 2022 by \$4.6 million. The decrease is due to the depreciation in the capital assets.

The total restricted net position increased by \$2.8 million. The largest increase in restricted funds was the receipt of American Recovery Funds from the federal government.

Net investment in capital assets decreased \$6.3 million in 2022. The majority of the decline was from depreciation calculated on capital assets.

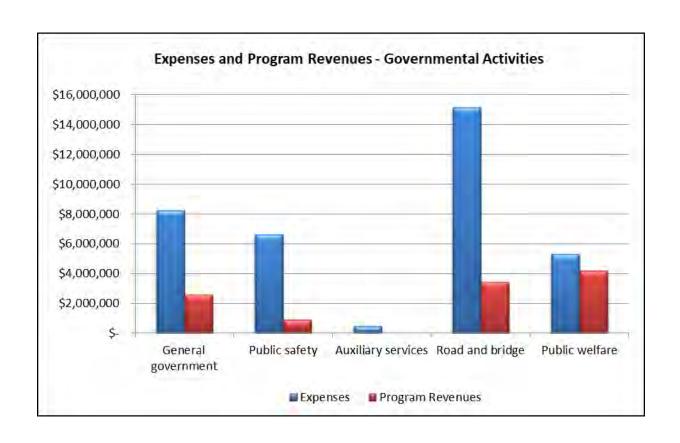
**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities decreased Morgan County's net position by \$4.7 million. The decrease in net position in the governmental funds is due to the depreciation expense in the Road and Bridge Fund.

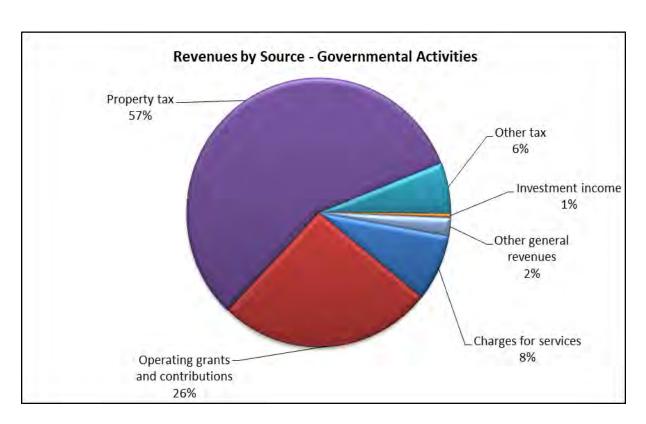
**Business type activities.** Business type activities increased Morgan County's net position by \$71,530. The net investment in capital increased \$732,402. The increase in capital assets was due to the start of construction on phase two of the new cell in the Solid Waste Management Fund.

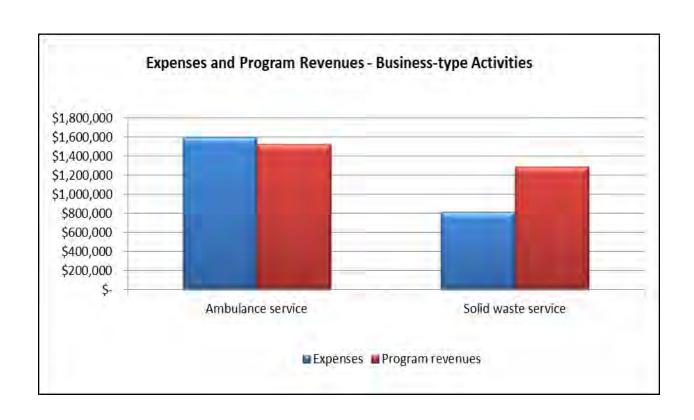
The following shows the elements of the County's decrease in net position:

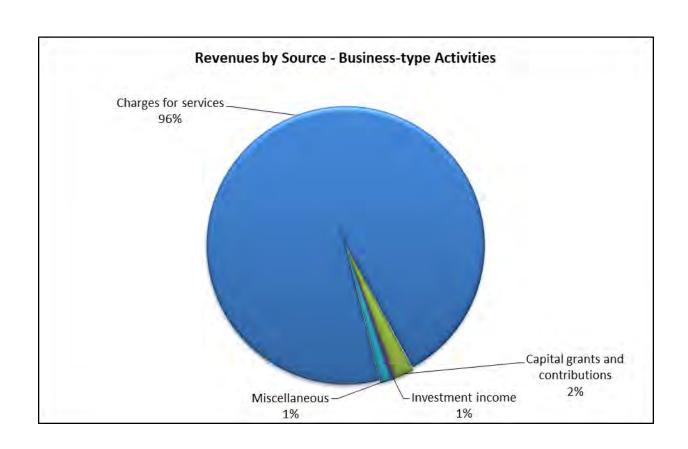
### Morgan County Government Changes in Net Position

	Governmer	ital activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Total Government				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Revenues									
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 2,319,952	\$ 2,607,040	\$ 2,650,662	\$ 2,743,966	\$ 4,970,614	\$ 5,351,006			
Operating grants and									
contributions	8,937,915	8,523,470	112,219	3,462	9,050,134	8,526,932			
Capital grants and									
contributions	-	-	18,361	61,835	18,361	61,835			
General revenues									
Property tax	19,854,404	18,481,069	-	-	19,854,404	18,481,069			
Other tax	1,990,778	1,986,451	-	-	1,990,778	1,986,451			
Investment Income	443,769	158,831	83,105	13,693	526,874	172,524			
Other general revenues	548,070	696,261	21,006	38,981	569,076	735,242			
Total revenues	34,094,888	32,453,122	2,885,353	2,861,937	36,980,241	35,315,059			
Expenses									
General government	8,675,798	8,258,422	_	_	8,675,798	8,258,422			
Public safety	7,797,655	6,631,128	_	_	7,797,655	6,631,128			
Auxiliary services	536,989	470,294	_	_	536,989	470,294			
Roads and bridges	16,256,356	15,179,406	_	_	16,256,356	15,179,406			
Public welfare	5,533,334	5,288,182	-	-	5,533,334	5,288,182			
Capital Outlay	-	-	_	_					
Ambulance services	_	-	1,836,227	1,603,042	1,836,227	1,603,042			
Solid waste services	_	-	977,596	541,134	977,596	541,134			
Total expenses	38,800,132	35,827,432	2,813,823	2,144,176	41,613,955	37,971,608			
Increase (decrease) in net position	(4,705,244)	(3,374,310)	71,530	717,761	(4,633,714)	(2,656,549)			
Net position - January 1	152,203,794	155,578,104	9,112,381	8,394,620	161,316,175	163,972,724			
Not position - January 1	132,203,194	133,370,104	3,112,301	0,334,020	101,310,173	100,912,124			
Net position - December 31	\$ 147,498,550	\$ 152,203,794	\$ 9,183,911	\$ 9,112,381	\$ 156,682,461	\$ 161,316,175			









### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Morgan County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds Overview.** The focus of County governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's governmental funds financial position increased during the year 2022. The total fund balances in the governmental funds increased by \$3.4 million. As of the end of 2022 the combined ending fund balance of County governmental funds was \$59.6 million. Approximately 33% of this consists of unassigned fund balance, which is available as working capital and for current spending in accordance with the purposes of the specific funds. The remainder of fund balance is restricted or committed for a specific purpose by the current County Commissioners. The County has restricted funds for the following purposes: 1) a state-constituted mandated emergency reserve \$1,000,000, 2) a state mandated clerk technology fund \$56,711, 3) a state statute for Social Services \$1,782,870, 4) a state statute for roadways \$9,657,671, 5) a state statute for the 911 emergency telephone services \$1,007,990, 6) a state statute to promote tourism in the County \$675,339, 7) a state statute to promote parks and recreation \$467,728, 8) a state statute regulating law enforcement confiscation and seizure \$7,563, and 9) a mandate for American Recovery Plan funds of \$5,646,118.

**Propriety Funds Overview.** The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

The County has two enterprise-type proprietary funds, the Solid Waste Management Fund and Ambulance Service Fund.

- ❖ Solid Waste Management Fund. Unrestricted net position of this fund at the end of 2022 amounted to \$4,929,478. This is an decrease of \$422,271 from unrestricted net position at the end of 2021. The decrease was due mainly to the dincrease in investment in capital assets at the end of 2022.
- ❖ Ambulance Service Fund. Unrestricted net position of this fund at the end of 2022 amounted to \$1,233,713. This is a decrease of \$238,601 from unrestricted net position at the end of 2021. The decrease was due to increasing salary and overtime expenses. Expenses increased 15% in 2022.

The proprietary funds change in net position is down primarily due to the fact the Solid Waste Fund had an unusual credit to the expense for closure/post-closure care costs. During 2021, a recalculation of the landfill capacity was done resulting in a decrease to the necessary liability the County must maintain.

The County has one Internal Service Fund type Proprietary Fund. The Internal Service Fund is a governmental activity fund in the Proprietary Fund financial statements. The County's Internal Service Fund, the Central Services Fund, has unrestricted net position of \$2.9 million. This is a

decrease of \$599,838. Operating expenses increased in 2022 by \$.5 million due to rising fuel costs in the County's fleet department

### Governmental Funds Overview

The County has three major governmental funds. These are the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, and Social Services Fund.

- ❖ General Fund. This is the primary operating fund of the Morgan County Government. It accounts for many of the County's core services such as law enforcement, the County Assessor, County Clerk and Recorder and planning and zoning. The general fund's fund balance as of December 31, 2022, was \$38.4 million. This is an increase of \$2.7 million. Of this amount, \$18.8 million is restricted or assigned for a specific purpose. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance is 128% of total 2022 expenditures and transfers in the general fund. The increase in fund balance is due mainly to an increase in property tax collected. The County's assessed value increased 5% which increased the property taxes collected.
- ❖ Road and Bridge Fund. The Road and Bridge Fund is mandated by state statutes. This fund accounts for costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance of same. The Road and Bridge Fund has \$15.8 million in fund balance at the end of 2022. Of this amount, \$9.7 million is restricted for future capital highway projects, \$115,523 is nonspendable for bridge inventory, and \$6 million is committed for future capital road and bridge projects. Total Road and Bridge fund balance increased by \$82,513 million in 2022. The slight increase in fund balance was due to the increase in property tax collected.
- ❖ Social Services Fund. This fund is also State mandated. It accounts for the local share of many Federal and State public welfare programs. The Social Services fund balance at the end of 2022 was \$1.8 million. This is an increase of \$305,674 from the 2021 fund balance. The increase was due to increased property taxes. The \$1.8 million fund balance is restricted for public welfare programs.

### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The County's budget is prepared according to Colorado statutes. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The actual expenditures in the County's General Fund did not reach the budgeted amount. This was due to capital projects that were rescheduled for future years.

### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

**Capital Assets.** Morgan County's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2022 totals \$88.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes all land, buildings, machinery and equipment, as well as infrastructure constructed from 1980 through 2022.

### Morgan County Government Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	 Governmental activities			 Business-type activities				Total Government				
	2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021		
Land and Water												
Rights	\$ 2,118,484	\$	2,118,484	\$ 125,787	\$	125,787	\$	2,244,271	\$	2,244,271		
Building and												
Improvements	5,387,305		5,783,375	930,030		969,530		6,317,335		6,752,905		
Machinery and												
Equipment	8,338,051		8,423,683	482,173		568,288		8,820,224		8,991,971		
Infrastructure	69,494,980		76,760,443	1,218,761		624,713		70,713,741		77,385,156		
Construction in												
Progress	 558,407		99,691	 263,969				822,376		99,691		
Total capital assets	\$ 85,897,227	\$	93,185,676	\$ 3,020,720	\$	2,288,318	\$	88,917,947	\$	95,473,994		

Additional information on the Morgan County capital asset activity can be found in note 5 of this report.

**Debt**. The County has no debt as of December 31, 2022.

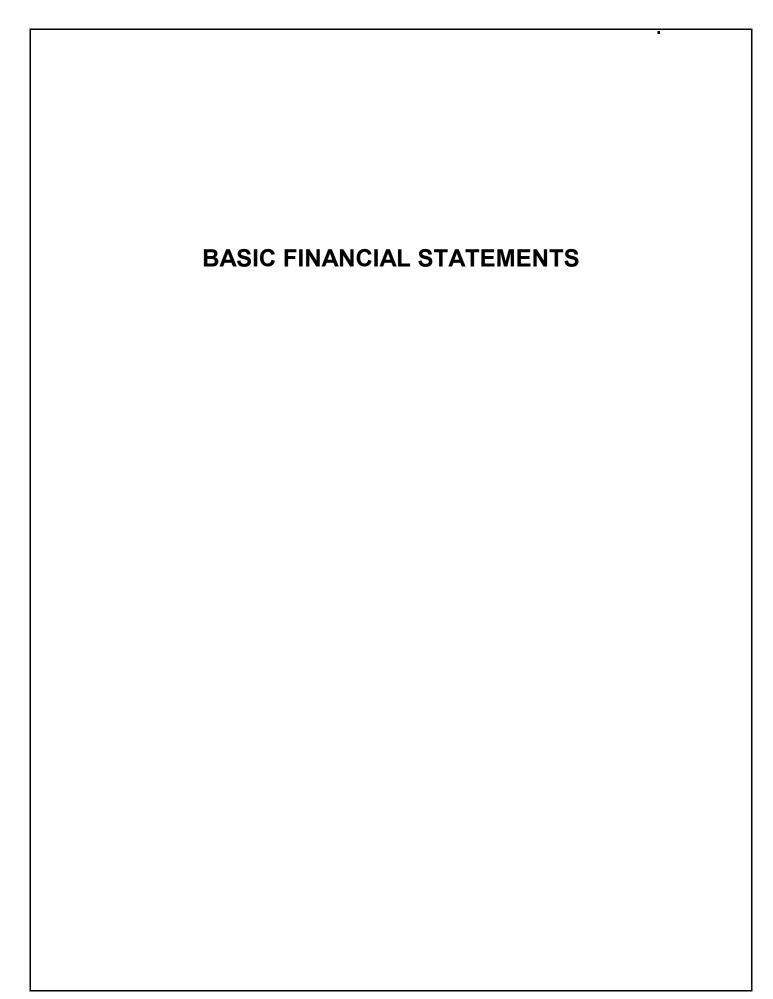
**Other Matters.** The following factors are expected to have a significant effect on the County's financial position or results of operations and were taken into account in developing the 2023 budget:

- The County assessed value in 2022 decreased slightly. This amounts to a decrease in property tax to be collected in 2023 of \$159,472. The County is anticipating an increase in assessed value as a reappraisal year will be reflected in 2024 property tax collection. Morgan County's assessed value is critical to revenues as there is no County sales tax levied.
- The County has historically, and continues to be, fiscally responsible. The fund balance for the County was carefully invested.
- Planning has begun on building expansion and updating of the existing County Jail/Judicial Complex.
- The County Social Services department continues to address increasing case loads and increasing costs to local government.

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Morgan County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Financial information for the Morgan County Building Authority is included in the County's primary government financial statements and separate financial statements are not prepared. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this or for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director, P.O. Box 189, Fort Morgan, CO 80701.







# Morgan County, Colorado Government-Wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash (Note 3)	\$ 1,635	\$ 700	\$ 2,335
Cash held by county departments (Note 3)	159,872	-	159,872
Cash and investments held by			
County Treasurer (Note 3)	69,135,620	7,856,766	76,992,386
Receivables (net of allowance for			
uncollectibles) (Note 4):			
General property tax - net	19,449,004	-	19,449,004
Accounts	188,677	287,073	475,750
Intergovernmental	963,029	-	963,029
Internal balances (Note 8)	39,374	(39,374)	-
Inventory	340,737	` -	340,737
Capital assets not being depreciated (Note 5)	2,676,891	389,756	3,066,647
Capital assets (net of accumulated		·	
depreciation) (Note 5)	83,220,336	2,630,964	85,851,300
Total assets	176,175,175	11,125,885	187,301,060
Total accept	170,170,170	11,120,000	101,001,000
LIABILITIES			
Warrants payable	831,169	242,436	1,073,605
Vouchers payable	848,954	716,833	1,565,787
Accounts payable	137,084	14,864	151,948
Accrued wages	137,004	44,943	44,943
•	34,541	44,943	34,541
Intergovernmental payables	,	07 404	
Unearned other revenue	6,305,407	27,401	6,332,808
Noncurrent liabilities:	707 000	77 474	044 500
Due within one year (Note 7)	737,362	77,174	814,536
Due more than one year (Note 7)	333,105	818,323	1,151,428
Total liabilities	9,227,622	1,941,974	11,169,596
DESERBED INSLOWS OF DESCRIPTION			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10 110 001		40 440 004
Deferred revenue - property taxes	19,449,004		19,449,004
NET POSITION:			
Investment in capital assets	85,897,227	3,020,720	88,917,947
Restricted for:			
Clerk E-filing fees	56,711	-	56,711
Emergencies (Note 10)	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
American Recovery Plan	5,646,118	-	5,646,118
Roadways	9,657,671	-	9,657,671
Social services	1,769,818	-	1,769,818
911 emergency	1,007,990	-	1,007,990
Tourism	675,339	-	675,339
Parks and recreation	467,728	_	467,728
Law enforcement	7,563	_	7,563
Unrestricted	41,312,384	6,163,191	47,475,575
Total net position	\$ 147,498,549	\$ 9,183,911	\$ 156,682,460
rotal not poolilon	Ψ 1-1,-100,0-10	Ψ 0,100,011	ψ 100,002, <del>1</del> 00

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### Morgan County, Colorado **Government-Wide Statement of Activities** Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental activities:		-								
General government	\$	8,675,798	\$	1,331,750	\$	986,883	\$	-		
Judicial and public safety		7,797,655		929,473		243,062		-		
Auxiliary services		536,989		-		-		-		
Roads and bridges		16,256,356		38,540		3,307,702		-		
Public welfare		5,533,334		20,189		4,400,268		-		
Total governmental activities		38,800,133		2,319,952		8,937,915		-		
Business-type activities:										
Ambulance services		1,836,227		1,365,394		112,219		18,361		
Solid waste services		977,596		1,285,268		-		-		
Total business-type activities		2,813,823		2,650,662		112,219		18,361		
NOT CODED		1		-		-		-		
Total business-type activities		2,813,823		2,650,662		112,219	_	18,361		
Total primary government	\$	41,613,956	\$	4,970,614	\$	9,050,134	\$	18,361		

### General revenues:

Taxes:

Property
Specific ownership
Lodging
Other

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Gain/(Loss) sale of assets

Total general revenues Changes in net position

Net position, January 1 Net position, December 31

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	•	• '							
<u> </u>									
Governmental	<u> </u>	Business-type		Total					
Activities		Activities		I Otal					
	\$	-	\$	(6,357,165)					
		-		(6,625,120)					
		-		(536,989)					
(12,910,114)		-		(12,910,114)					
		-		(1,112,877)					
(27,542,266)	_			(27,542,266)					
		(240.252)		(240.252)					
-				(340,253)					
<u> </u>	_			307,672					
<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(32,581)					
<u>-</u>		\ /		(32,581)					
(27,542,266)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(27,574,847)					
19,854,404		-		19,854,404					
, ,		-		1,695,279					
,		-		287,297					
		-		8,202					
443,769		83,105		526,874					
375,421		21,006		396,427					
172,649		-		172,649					
22,837,021		104,111		22,941,132					
(4,705,245)		71,530		(4,633,715)					
152,203,794		9,112,381		161,316,175					
147,498,549	\$	9,183,911	\$	156,682,460					
	Governmental Activities  (6,357,165) (6,625,120) (536,989) (12,910,114) (1,112,877) (27,542,266)	Cha   Pr	Changes in Net Position           Governmental Activities         Business-type Activities           (6,357,165)         \$ -           (6,625,120)         -           (536,989)         -           (12,910,114)         -           (27,542,266)         -           -         (340,253)           307,672         -           -         (32,581)           -         (1)           (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           -         (1)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)           -         (32,581)	Governmental Activities         Business-type Activities           (6,357,165)         \$ - \$           (6,625,120)            (536,989)            (12,910,114)            (27,542,266)            - (340,253)         307,672           - (32,581)         - (1)           - (32,581)         - (32,581)           (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)         \$ (32,581)           \$ (27,542,266)<					

#### Morgan County, Colorado Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

100570		General		Road and Bridge		Social Services		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS: Cash	\$	800	\$		\$	400	\$	85	\$	1,285
Cash held by county departments	Ф	110.863	Ф	-	Ф	41.081	Ф	7.928	Ф	1,205
Cash and investments held by County Treasurer Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		45,175,064		15,627,123		1,623,836		3,822,635		66,248,658
General property tax - net		13,074,042		5,032,865		1,342,097				19,449,004
Accounts receivable		1,744		1,134		35,341		133.072		171,291
Intergovernmental Receivables		123,779		275,963		516,469		46,818		963,029
Inventories		-		115,523		192		-		115,715
Total assets	\$	58,486,292	\$	21,052,608	\$	3,559,416	\$	4,010,538	\$	87,108,854
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:										
LIABILITIES:										
Warrants payable	\$	333,334	\$	57,458	\$	87,258	\$	170,244	\$	648,294
Vouchers payable		323,223		15,679		75,973		242,093		656,968
Accounts payable		32,237		330		41,889		450		74,906
Intergovernmental payables		455.755		-		34,541		400		34,541
Interfund payables		155,755		141,402		17,375 177,413		162		314,694
Unearned other revenue  Total liabilities		6,127,994 6,972,543		214.869		434,449		412.949		6,305,407 8,034,810
		0,972,343		214,009		434,449		412,949		6,034,610
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	-	13,074,042		5,032,865		1,342,097		-		19,449,004
FUND BALANCES:										
Fund balance:										
Nonspendable:				445 500						445 500
Inventory Restricted for:		-		115,523		-		-		115,523
Clerk E-filing fees		56.711								56.711
Emergencies		1,000,000		-						1,000,000
American Recovery Plan		5,646,118		-		_		_		5,646,118
Roadways		-		9,657,671		_		_		9.657.671
Social services		-		-		1,782,870		_		1,782,870
911 emergency		-		-		-		1,007,990		1,007,990
Tourism		-		-		-		675,339		675,339
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		467,728		467,728
Law enforcement		-		-		-		7,563		7,563
Committed to:		0.400								0.400
Tri Centennial		2,489		-		-		-		2,489
Capital improvements		978,931		3,681,683		-		-		978,931
Bridge structures Road projects		-		2,349,997		-		-		3,681,683 2,349,997
Jail expansion		-		2,349,997		-		1,438,969		1,438,969
Assigned to:		-		-		-		1,400,303		1,700,000
Other capital projects		11,000,000		_		_		_		11,000,000
Other agencies		110,863		-		_		-		110,863
Unassigned:		19,644,595		-		-		-		19,644,595
Total fund balances		38,439,707		15,804,874		1,782,870		3,597,589		59,625,040
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	58,486,292	\$	21,052,608	\$	3,559,416	\$	4,010,538	\$	87,108,854



### Morgan County, Colorado Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds **Balance Sheet to the Government Wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022**

Total governmental fund balances (page 31)	\$ 59,625,040
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 27) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	79,401,839
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases payable, compensated absences, and interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(000,040)
Compensated absences	(936,246)
The internal services fund is used by management to charge the costs of services for the County attorney, fleet maintenance, and other services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental activities in the statement of	0.407.046
net position.	9,407,916
Net position of governmental activities (page 27)	\$ 147,498,549

## Morgan County, Colorado Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year ended December 31, 2022

		General		Road and Bridge		Social Services	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
REVENUES	_						_		_	
Taxes	\$	14,727,969	\$	5,554,657	\$	1,365,886	\$	196,670	\$	21,845,182
Intergovernmental		1,013,445		3,307,702		4,420,457		122,154		8,863,758
Licenses and permits		101,523		24,357		-		-		125,880
Fines and forfeitures		2,243		-		-		-		2,243
Fee accounts		1,535,753				-		14,806		1,550,559
Charges for materials/service		-		2,927		-		774,001		776,928
Investment income		336,324		100,471		-		6,974		443,769
Miscellanous		309,228		14,349		39,613		-		363,190
Total revenues		18,026,485	_	9,004,463	_	5,825,956		1,114,605		33,971,509
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		6,118,777		_		_		151,235		6,270,012
Judicial and public safety		6,979,083		-		-		696,444		7,675,527
Auxiliary services		536,989		-		_		-		536,989
Road and bridge		, -		7,025,699		_		-		7,025,699
Public welfare		_		· · · · -		5,520,282		_		5,520,282
Intergovernmental cooperation outlay		1,083,991		_		· · ·		-		1,083,991
Capital outlay		512,883		1,896,251		_		116,880		2,526,014
Total expenditures		15,231,723		8,921,950		5,520,282		964,559		30,638,514
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		2,794,762		82,513		305,674		150,046		3,332,995
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		_		_		_		120,000		120,000
Transfers out		(120,000)		_		_		-		(120,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		25,001		_		_		_		25,001
Total other financing sources (uses)		(94,999)		-	_	_		120,000		25,001
Net change in fund balances		2,699,763		82,513		305,674		270,046		3,357,996
Fund Balances, January 1		35,739,944		15,722,361		1,477,196		3,327,543		56,267,044
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	38,439,707	\$	15,804,874	\$	1,782,870	\$	3,597,589	\$	59,625,040

## Morgan County, Colorado Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Government Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds (page 35)

\$ 3,357,996

### Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 29) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Capital asset additions \$ 2,526,013 Depreciation expense \$ (9,874,878)

Excess of depreciation over capital outlay (7,348,865)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences (174,955)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities such as fleet services, attorney services, accounting services, and information system services to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

(539,421)

Change in net position of governmental funds (page 29)

\$ (4,705,245)

# Morgan County, Colorado Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	Rusiness	-type Activities - Enter	nrise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Ambulance	Solid Waste	p. 100 1 u. 100	Internal
	Service	Management	Total	Service Fund
ASSETS			-	
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ -	\$ 700	\$ 700	\$ 350
Cash and investments held by				
County Treasurer	1,250,474	6,606,292	7,856,766	2,886,962
Receivables (net of allowance				
uncollectibles):				
Accounts Receivable	205,526	78,521	284,047	17,386
Other Receivables	2,645	381	3,026	-
Interfund Receivables	-	839	839	354,068
Inventory	4 450 045	0.000.700	0.445.070	225,022
Total current assets	1,458,645	6,686,733	8,145,378	3,483,788
Long term assets:				
Capital assets (net of accumulated				
depreciation):				
Land and water rights	62,190		125,787	-
Construction in progress	·	263,969	263,969	-
Buildings	475,286	,	930,030	1,220
General equipment	255,335	226,838	482,173	6,481,565
Infrastructure		1,218,761	1,218,761	12,603
Total long term assets	792,811		3,020,720	6,495,388
Total assets	2,251,456	8,914,642	11,166,098	9,979,176
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Warrants payable	25,505	,	242,436	182,875
Vouchers payable	21,703	695,130	716,833	191,986
Accounts payable	-	14,864	14,864	62,178
Accrued wages	44,943		44,943	- 00 440
Compensated absences Interfund payables	52,616 27,038	24,558 13,175	77,174	88,412
Unearned revenue	27,036 27,401	13,173	40,213 27,401	-
Total current liabilities	199,206	964,658	1,163,864	525,451
Total current liabilities	199,200	904,030	1,103,004	323,431
Long term liabilities:				
Compensated absences	25,727	12,070	37,797	45,809
Accrued landfill closure and				
post-closure care		780,526	780,526	
Total long term liabilities	25,727	792,596	818,323	45,809
Total liabilities	224,933	1,757,254	1,982,187	571,260
NET POSITION				
Investment in capital assets	792,810		3,020,720	6,495,388
Unrestricted	1,233,713		6,163,191	2,912,528
Total net position	\$ 2,026,523	\$ 7,157,388	\$ 9,183,911	\$ 9,407,916

#### Morgan County, Colorado

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

#### **Proprietary Funds**

#### Year ended December 31, 2022

		Business-ty	pe /	Activities - Ente	rpris	se Funds	(	Governmental Activities -
		Ambulance	-	Solid Waste	-	Total		Internal
On a matter of management		Service	_	Management		TOTAL	_	Service Fund
Operating revenues	\$	4 205 204	Φ	4 005 000	ф	0.050.000	Φ	4 004 077
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenues	Ф	1,365,394	\$	1,285,268	\$	2,650,662	\$	4,264,277
		16,205	_	4,801		21,006	_	12,048
Total operating revenues		1,381,599		1,290,069		2,671,668	_	4,276,325
Operating expenses								
Compensation and benefits		1,346,552		419,645		1,766,197		1,470,432
Operating supplies		57,298		65,131		122,429		1,777,353
Purchased services		144,904		177,045		321,949		626,640
Fixed charges		175,508		171,724		347,232		85,727
Depreciation		92,236		80,795		173,031		1,111,387
Other expenses		19,729		63,256		82,985		1,136
Total operating expenses		1,836,227		977,596		2,813,823	_	5,072,675
Operating income (loss)		(454,628)	_	312,473		(142,155)	_	(796,350)
Nonoperating revenues								
State grant		130,580		-		130,580		94,346
Interest		8,862		74,243		83,105		-
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		-		-		-		147,648
Insurance recovery		-		-		_		14,935
Total nonoperating revenues		139,442		74,243		213,685	_	256,929
Change in net position		(315,186)		386,716		71,530		(539,421)
Total net position, January 1		2,341,709		6,770,672		9,112,381		9,947,337
Total net position, December 31	\$	2,026,523	\$	7,157,388	\$	9,183,911	\$	9,407,916

#### Morgan County, Colorado Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-tv	pe Activities - Ent	erprise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Ambulance	Solid Waste	orprioo i unido	Internal
	Service Fund	Management	2022	Services Fund
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,431,209	\$ 1,297,468	\$ 2,728,677	\$ 125,521
Receipts from interfund services	-	(541)	(541)	4,122,482
Payments to suppliers	(183,316)	627,437	444,121	(2,848,926)
Payments for interfund services	(191,689)		(360,137)	(35,584)
Payments to employees	(1,309,022)		(1,722,274)	(1,492,038)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(252,818)	1,342,664	1,089,846	(128,545)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	400 500		400 -00	0.4.0.4.0
Grants received	130,580	-	130,580	94,346
Donations received		<u> </u>		
Net cash provided by noncapital	400 500		400 500	04.040
financing activities	130,580	- <del></del>	130,580	94,346
Cook flows from conital and valeted financing activities				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets	(15.650)	(889,783)	(OOE 42E)	(1 201 122)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(15,652)	(009,703)	(905,435)	(1,301,122) 276,965
Insurance Recovery	-	_	-	14,935
Net cash used by capital and related		<del></del>		14,933
financing activities	(15,652)	(889,783)	(905,435)	(1,009,222)
a.i.e.i.g deurinee	(10,002)	(000): 00)	(000, 100)	(:,000,222)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received	8,862	74,243	83,105	-
Net cash provided by investing activities	8,862		83,105	
. , ,				
Net Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(129,027)	527,124	398,097	(1,043,421)
, ,	, ,			, , ,
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	1,379,502	6,079,868	7,459,370	3,930,733
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31				
(Including \$700 and \$350 for the Solid Waste				
Management Fund and Central Services Fund,				
respectively, reported in cash on hand)	\$ 1,250,475	\$ 6,606,992	\$ 7,857,466	\$ 2,887,312
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (454,628)	312,473	(142,155)	\$ (796,350)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net				
cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	92,236		173,031	1,111,387
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	49,610	7,398	57,008	(8,630)
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		(544)	(544)	F0 C04
	-	(541)	(541)	50,601
(Increase) decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	- 14,758	880,627	- 895,385	(70,292) (394,142)
Increase (decrease) in intergovernmental payable	(8,818)		(6,453)	(263)
Increase in accrued wages	10,773		10,773	(200)
Increase (decrease) in accrued	10,770		10,770	
compensated absences	26,755	9,763	36,518	(20,856)
Increase in unearned revenue	16,496		16,496	(==,==0)
Increase in accrued landfill closure	,		, -	
and postclosure		49,784	49,784	
Total adjustments	201,810		1,232,001	667,805
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (252,818)		\$ 1,089,846	\$ (128,545)
- -		= ====		

## Morgan County, Colorado Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2022

	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 2,824,654
Total assets	2,824,654
LIABILITIES  Due to others  Total liabilities	2,756,996 2,756,996
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals	\$ 67,658

#### Morgan County, Colorado Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the year ended December 31, 2022

		Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Cash deposits	\$	58,649,518
Total additions		58,649,518
DEDUCTIONS Paid to others Total deductions	_	58,648,594 58,648,594
Change in net position Total net position, January 1 Total net position, December 31	\$	924 66,734 67,658

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Morgan County, Colorado have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in evaluating the County's financial statements.

#### A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating the County as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the County may be financially accountable and, as such, should be included within the County's financial statements. The County (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

These financial statements include the following blended component unit:

#### Morgan County Building Authority

The Morgan County Building Authority functions for one single purpose. It was created in 1984 to act as a conduit to finance major capital building projects and to convey these facilities through a lease-purchase agreement with the County. It has an uncompensated four member board. Board members are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The Morgan County Building Authority does not issue separate financial statements. There is no activity for the Morgan County Building Authority in 2022.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Morgan County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in aggregate net position resulting from activities of the fiscal period.

#### C. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions include interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the direct expenses and net cost of each function of the County's governmental activities and business-like activity. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

The County does not currently employ an indirect cost allocation system. An internal service fund is utilized to account for its fleet of vehicles, county attorney and human resources, accounting, and its management information systems. Fees for these services are charged to other operating funds. The interfund services provided and used by the County are not eliminated in the consolidation process.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### D. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are recorded in individual funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and presented as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the County which accounts for all financial resources that are not accounted for in other funds. Operations of the County such as public safety, planning and zoning, property valuation, tax collection and distribution, vehicle licensing, County administration, and other activities financed from taxes and general revenues are reflected in this fund.

The Road and Bridge Fund, a special revenue fund, records costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance except for engineering and public works administration which is recorded in the General Fund. By State law, Colorado counties are required to maintain a Road and Bridge Fund and a portion of road and bridge taxes is allocated to cities and towns for use in their road and street activities.

The Social Services Fund, a special revenue fund, administers human services programs under state and federal regulations. Funding sources include, Federal and State grants as well as County property tax dollars. Programs include, but are not limited to, Medicaid, food stamps, foster care programs, senior service programs, job training services, and Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF). Colorado counties are required by state law to maintain a Social Services Fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Ambulance Service Fund accounts for the activities of the County owned and operated ambulance service.

The Solid Waste Management Fund accounts for the solid waste management activities of the County including the operation of the County's only municipal solid waste landfill.

The County reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Fund* accounts for the financing of goods and/or services provided by Attorney Services and Human Resources, Accounting, Information Systems, Central Inventory Control, and Fleet Management to other County departments and funds, County involved jointly governed organizations and other governmental units on a cost reimbursed basis.

The *Custodial Funds* account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. These funds are custodial in nature. The County custodial funds include the following:

Treasurer Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of County revenues

Clerk and Recorder Fund accounts for resources received and disbursed by the County Clerk and Recorder on behalf of other government agencies

Sheriff Funds accounts for the receipt and disbursement of all inmate escrow and commissary transactions and civil trust activity

Public Trustee Fund is an intermediary and recorder for foreclosures and releases of deeds of trust

#### E. Measurement Focus

The government-wide and proprietary fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and custodial fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. Property taxes are levied in December and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year. The County, through the Morgan County Treasurer, bills and collects its own property taxes as well as property taxes of all other taxing authorities within the County.

Taxes levied in December 2022, are recorded in governmental funds as taxes receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Since property taxes are levied in December for the next calendar year's operations, the total levy is reported as taxes receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements.

An allowance for uncollectible taxes is not provided as the uncollectible amounts were determined to be negligible based upon an analysis of historical trends. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net fund balance.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net position.

Custodial funds use the economic resources measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 120 days after year end except for property taxes which are within 60 days. The government considers property taxes as receivable if they are certified in the year prior to that in which collection is expected and a corresponding deferred inflow of resources. Revenue is recognized upon collection of the property taxes. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are grants from other governments, interfund transfers, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. Cigarette and property tax collected and held by the state at the end of the year on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Revenues collected by and held by one governmental agency for another within the reporting entity are considered susceptible to accrual. Fines, forfeitures, permits, and licenses are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until they are received in cash.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary fund types and custodial funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

#### F. Budgets

Annually appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds except the Custodial Funds. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All governmental funds are budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting with the proprietary funds budgeted on the accrual basis. All appropriations lapse at year end. The County presents certain items on a basis different than the adopted budget. These differences are disclosed in Note 12.

In the budget versus actual statements, the actual results of operations are presented on the budgetary basis of accounting for proper comparison to the budget.

The Ambulance Service Fund 2022 actual expenses exceeded the final approved budget amount by \$33,707.

#### G. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents, includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an initial maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### H. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". Short-term interfund loans are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### I. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

#### J. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items for enterprise and internal service funds.

#### K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e. roads, bridges, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life of more than one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land, water rights, and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 20 - 50 years
Equipment 5 - 20 years
Vehicles 5 - 20 years
Infrastructure - Bridges 15 - 25 years
Infrastructure - Roads 15 - 50 years

#### L. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, statement of net position and fund balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any deferred outflows.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available at both the governmental fund level and the period the taxes are levied for at the statement of net position reporting level.

#### M. Compensated Absences

Accumulated personal time off (PTO) leave is reported as a liability for all leave related to past employee service for which payment to the employee is considered probable. The leave liability includes any non-vested leave earned by employees which is considered likely to vest.

Accumulated personal time off leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay the benefit. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Accumulated personal time off leave for proprietary fund types is recorded as fund liabilities. All accumulated personal time off leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

#### N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service or project expenditures.

#### O. Fund Balance

The County reports fund balances according to GASB statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County itself, using its highest level of decision making authority which is the Board of County Commissioners, by resolution. Committed funds cannot be used for other purposes unless the Board of County Commissioners approve a resolution to remove or change the constraint. The Board establishes, modifies, or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution.

- Assigned fund balance amounts the County intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of County Commissioners or by an official to which the Board delegates authority. The Board has given authority to the County Finance Director.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> amounts that are available for any purpose.
   Positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board establishes assigned fund balance by a written directive to the Finance Director. In 2022, the assigned fund balance in the general fund consists of \$11,000,000 assigned to capital projects and \$110,863 assigned to other agencies. The assigned to other agencies in general fund includes: 1) \$58,525 held by the Morgan County Fair Board, 2) \$48,963 held by the Morgan County Sheriff and 3) \$3,375 held by the Morgan County Clerk.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of County Commissioners has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### P. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported. Assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

The County does maintain restricted fund balance in several funds. The restricted funds are constrained to specific purposes legally required through legislation or other constitutional provisions.

The County also maintains funds that are committed for a specific purpose. These funds have been committed by the County Commissioners to fund specific projects by a County resolution.

#### Q. Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the County are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used, are reported as transfers.

#### R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

#### S. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Morgan County implemented GASB 87 and no material leases were identified.

#### Note 2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS AND PROPERTY TAXES

On or before the 15th of September of each year, all agencies of the government submit requests for appropriation to the County Budget Officer so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and budget, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Colorado statutes provide the following timetable which is followed in the adoption of budget:

- 1) Submission of the proposed budget to the local governing body by October 15 of each year.
- 2) Levy all taxes and certify the levies by December 22.
- 3) Final adoption of budget and appropriations by December 31 of each year.
- 4) Lien for current year taxes attaches January 1.
- 5) Property taxes are due by April 30 of each year if paid in full, or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15 of each year.
- 6) Taxes are considered delinguent June 16.
- 7) Liens are placed on property for which taxes are delinquent in November of each year.

#### Note 2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS AND PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Expenditures are appropriated for each individual fund. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the County Commissioners. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.

#### **Note 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

#### **Cash and Investments**

At December 31, 2022, the County's deposits and investments were as follows:

Cash and Investments	
Cash	\$ 2,335
Cash held by County departments	159,872
Cash held by County Treasurer	76,992,386
Cash held in custodial funds	 2,824,654
Total cash and investments	\$ 79,979,247

	 Total
Cash	\$ 299,688
Cash Deposits	2,262,257
Certificates of Deposit	2,008,343
Local government investment pool - ColoTrust	15,731,421
Local governemnt investment pool - CSafe	16,624,864
CSIP	15,624,311
Governmental Securities	27,428,363
	\$ 79,979,247

Investments in local government investment pools are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Certificates of deposit have maturities ranging from 10/22/23 to 10/22/24. The investments in U.S. Treasury Bills have a maturity of less than one year.

Cash held by County Departments includes \$56,891 held by the County Sheriff, \$3,375 held by the County Clerk, \$58,525 held by the Morgan County Fair Board, and \$1,050 held for IOG and \$40,031 held for others held by the County Department of Human Services.

#### Note 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### **Investments**

<u>Interest rate risk</u>. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the County diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment or any one type of institution. The County investment policy restricts the maximum investment term to no more than three years from the purchase date. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair values arising from changes in interest rates.

<u>Credit risk.</u> State law limits investments for local government to U.S. Treasury issues, other federally backed notes and credits, and other agency offerings.

Other investment instruments including bank obligations, general obligation bonds, and commercial paper are limited to at least one of the highest rating categories of at least one nationally recognized rating agency.

Investments consist of United States treasury bills, notes, and obligations of United States agencies. Investments are made in accordance with State statutes for the investment of public funds, and are stated at fair value. ColoTrust and C-Safe are vehicles established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. In accordance with state law, the County operates in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. All of these funds operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments of ColoTrust and C-Safe consist of various U.S. Government obligations. State law further limits investments in money market funds to those institutions with over \$1 billion in assets or the highest credit rating from one or more of a nationally recognized rating agency. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the trusts. These funds do note have any unfunded commitments, redemption restrictions or redemption notice periods.

ColoTrust and C-Safe investments are over \$1 billion in assets, rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, and maintain a constant net asset value of \$1 per share. ColoTrust and C-Safe are regulated by the State of Colorado, Department of Regulatory Agencies, Division of Securities, which establishes policies for and reviews the operation of local government investment pools in the state. Financial statements for CSAFE may be obtained at www.csafe.org and financial statements for ColoTrust may be obtained at www.ColoTrust.com.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u>. The County limits investments to 20 percent to be invested with any one institution or in any single type of investment, with the exception of U.S. Treasury obligations, Government securities, and Government Agency backed securities.

#### Note 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

At December 31, 2022, unrealized gains were \$828,191 which reflects the adjustment to fair value of investments

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits might not be recovered. However, the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that deposits of all units of local governments be held at eligible public depositories, whose eligibility is determined by state regulators.

Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is specified by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The State Regulatory Commission for banks and savings and loan associations is required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

Fair Value Measurements. To the extent available, the County's investments are recorded at fair value as of December 31, 2022. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and take into account the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions. Inputs may include price information, credit data, interest and yield curve data, and other factors specific to the financial instrument. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources. In contrast, unobservable inputs reflect the entity's assumptions about how market participants would value the financial instrument. Valuation techniques should maximize the use of observable inputs to the extent available.

Investments that are measured using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as a proxy are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. CSAFE and CSIP investments are reported at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

<u>Level 1 Investments</u> – values are based on quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets (or liabilities) in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.

#### Note 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

<u>Level 2 Investments with inputs</u> – other than quoted prices included within Level 1 - that are observable for an asset (or liability), either directly or indirectly.

<u>Level 3 Investments</u> – classified as Level 3 have unobservable inputs for an asset (or liability) and may require a degree of professional judgment.

The County's investments in Local Government Pools are measured at amortized cost.

Securities classified as Level 2 are valued as follows:

Government Securities: quoted prices for similar securities in active markets

Certificate of Deposit: matrix pricing based on securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices

The following table summarizes the County's investments within the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2022.

			Fair Value Measurement Using								
	Fa	ir Value as of 12/31/22	ı	uoted prices in active markets for entical assets (Level 1)	(	Significant Other Observable outs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)				
Investments by Fair Value Level Certificates of Deposit	\$	2.008.343	\$		\$	2.008.343	\$	_			
Government Securities	Ψ	27,428,363	Ψ	-	Ψ	27,428,363	Ψ	-			
Total Investment by Fair Value Level	\$	29,436,706	\$	_	\$	29,436,706	\$				

Additionally, at December 31, 2022, the County had \$15,731,421 in Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust), \$16,624,311 in Colorado Statewide Investment Program (CSIP), \$57,530 in Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) cash account and \$16,567,334 in Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) Core Account that are not valued at fair value.

#### **Deposits**

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) coverage for government accounts is \$250,000 per official custodian. Of the bank balance, \$1,500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remainder of the bank balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution and covered by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA.

#### **Note 4: RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

	Special		Capital		Internal					
General	Revenue		Projects		Enterprise		Service			Total
\$ 13,074,042	\$	6,374,962	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,449,004
1,744		169,547		-		661,383		17,386		850,060
123,779		839,250				_				963,029
13,199,565		7,383,759		-		661,383		17,386		21,262,093
						(374,310)				(374,310)
\$ 13,199,565	\$	7,383,759	\$		\$	287,073	\$	17,386	\$	20,887,783
	\$ 13,074,042 1,744 123,779 13,199,565	\$ 13,074,042 \$ 1,744 123,779 13,199,565	General       Revenue         \$ 13,074,042       \$ 6,374,962         1,744       169,547         123,779       839,250         13,199,565       7,383,759	General         Revenue         Pr           \$ 13,074,042         \$ 6,374,962         \$           1,744         169,547         839,250           13,199,565         7,383,759	General         Revenue         Projects           \$ 13,074,042         \$ 6,374,962         \$ -           1,744         169,547         -           123,779         839,250         -           13,199,565         7,383,759         -	General         Revenue         Projects         E           \$ 13,074,042         \$ 6,374,962         \$ -         \$           1,744         169,547         -         -           123,779         839,250         -         -           13,199,565         7,383,759         -         -	General         Revenue         Projects         Enterprise           \$ 13,074,042         \$ 6,374,962         \$ -         \$ -           1,744         169,547         -         661,383           123,779         839,250         -         -           13,199,565         7,383,759         -         661,383           -         -         -         (374,310)	General         Revenue         Projects         Enterprise           \$ 13,074,042         \$ 6,374,962         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           1,744         169,547         -         661,383           123,779         839,250         -         -         -           13,199,565         7,383,759         -         661,383           -         -         -         (374,310)	General         Revenue         Projects         Enterprise         Service           \$ 13,074,042         \$ 6,374,962         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           1,744         169,547         -         661,383         17,386           123,779         839,250         -         -         -         -           13,199,565         7,383,759         -         661,383         17,386           -         -         -         (374,310)         -	General         Revenue         Projects         Enterprise         Service           \$ 13,074,042         \$ 6,374,962         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 1,744         \$ 169,547         -         661,383         \$ 17,386         \$ 123,779         \$ 839,250         -         -         -         -         -         -         661,383         \$ 17,386

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

**Note 5: CAPITAL ASSETS** 

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Balances 1/1/22		2022 Additions		2022 Deletions		Balances 12/31/22	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_		_		_		_	
Land and Water Rights	\$	2,118,484	\$	-	\$	- (47.044)	\$	2,118,484
Construction in progress	Φ.	99,691	_	506,657	_	(47,941)	Φ.	558,407
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	2,218,175	\$	506,657	\$	(47,941)	\$	2,676,891
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	19,797,462	\$	_	\$	(13,500)	\$	19,783,962
Equipment	·	22,827,326	·	1,435,214	·	(518,204)		23,744,336
Infrastructure		449,387,468		1,933,206		-		451,320,674
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	492,012,256	\$	3,368,420	\$	(531,704)	\$	494,848,972
l and a summitted dames detices.								
Less accumulated depreciation:	φ	(14 014 007)	φ	(206.070)	φ	12 500	φ	(14 206 657)
Buildings and improvements	\$	(14,014,087) (14,403,643)	Ф	(396,070) (1,391,527)	\$	13,500 388,885	\$	(14,396,657) (15,406,285)
Equipment Infrastructure		(372,627,026)		(9,198,668)		300,003		(381,825,694)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(401,044,756)	\$	(10,986,265)	\$	402,385		(411,628,636)
rotal accumulated depreciation	φ	(401,044,730)	Ψ	(10,900,203)	Ψ	402,363	φ	(411,020,030)
Total capital assets being depreciated,net	\$	90,967,500	\$	(7,617,845)	\$	(129,319)	\$	83,220,336
Governmental activities capital assets,net	\$	93,185,675	\$	(7,111,188)	\$	(177,260)	\$	85,897,227
Bushasa taua Asthattaa								
Business-type Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and Water Rights	\$	125,787	Φ		ф		\$	125,787
Construction in Progress	φ	123,767	\$	263,969	\$	-	φ	263,969
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	125,787	\$	263,969	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	389,756
Total capital assets flot being depreciated	Ψ	123,707	Ψ	203,909	Ψ	<u>-</u> _	Ψ	309,730
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,720,466	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,720,466
Equipment		1,411,017		15,652		-		1,426,669
Infrastructure		635,300		625,814		-		1,261,114
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	3,766,783	\$	641,466	\$	-	\$	4,408,249
l and annuallated depresenting.								
Less accumulated depreciation:	\$	(750,936)	Φ	(39,500)	ф		\$	(790,436)
Buildings and improvements	Φ	(842,729)	Φ	(101,767)	\$	-	Φ	(944,496)
Equipment Infrastructure		(10,587)		(31,766)		-		(42,353)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(1,604,252)	•	(173,033)	\$	<u>_</u>	\$	(1,777,285)
i otali accumulated depreciation	φ	(1,004,232)	φ	(173,033)	φ	<del>-</del>	Ψ	(1,111,203)
Total capital access being depreciated not	ф	2 162 521	¢	160 122	Φ		Ф	2 630 064
Total capital assets being depreciated,net		2,162,531	\$		\$	<u>.</u>	\$	2,630,964
Business-type activities capital assets,net	\$	2,288,318	\$	732,402	\$	-	\$	3,020,720

#### Note 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

General government \$	404,103
Public safety	221,217
Auxiliary services	46,875
Roads and bridges	9,198,668
Public welfare	4,015
Capital assets held by Morgan County's internal service	
fund are charged to the various functions based on their usage of the	
assets	1,111,387
Total depreciation expense – government activities	10,986,265
	·
Business-type activities:	
Ambulance service \$	92,236
Solid waste management fund	80,795
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities \$	

#### **Note 6: RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### **County Workers' Compensation Pool**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. In 1985, the County joined together with other Counties in the State of Colorado to form the County Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CWCP for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CWCP provides that the Pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year.

#### **Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty losses. During 1986, the County was unable to obtain property and liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. Therefore, the County joined together with other Counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CAPP for its property and casualty insurance coverage.

#### Note 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CAPP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year.

#### **County's Health and Life Insurance Pool**

The County provides employee health and life insurance coverage for all full-time employees. Coverage in 2022 was provided through the County Health Pool (CHP).

The CHP provides medical and life insurance coverage for employees and their dependents. Claims are administered by National Benefit Administrators, Inc. Health care claims are managed by Anthem Blue Cross.

The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years for the above referenced pools.

#### Note 7: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the following changes occurred in the County's long-term obligations:

	Balance 1/1/22		Additions		[	Deletions	Balance 12/31/22		One Year	
Governmental Activities:				_						
Compensated absences	\$	916,366	\$	791,354	\$	(637, 253)	\$	1,070,467	\$	737,362
Total Governmental		916,366		791,354		(637,253)		1,070,467		737,362
Busines-Type Activities: Landfill closure and post										
closure care costs		730,742		49.784		_		780,526		_
Compensated absences		78,450		81,798		(45,277)		114,971		77,174
Total Business-Type		809,192	-	131,582		(45,277)		895,497		77,174
Total Long-term obligations	\$	1,725,558	\$	922,936	\$	(682,530)	\$	1,965,964	\$	814,536

At year-end, \$134,221 of internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts. For governmental activities, the majority of compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund. The landfill closure and postclosure costs are liquidated by the Solid Waste Fund, which is a business-type activity.

#### Note 8: INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

The County reports interfund balances between many of its funds. These balances result from a time lag between the dates interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur and payments between funds occur. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date. The sum of all balances presented in the table agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the balance sheets for governmental and proprietary funds.

#### Interfund Receivables/(Payables):

Solid Waste Management Ambulance Service Solid Waste Management	\$ 839 (27,038) (13,175)
Business Type Totals	\$ (39,374)
General Fund	\$ (155,755)
Road & Bridge Department	(141,402)
Social Services	(17,375)
Lodging and Tourism	(162)
	\$ (314,694)
Central Services Fund	354,068
Governmental Activities Totals	\$ 39,374

#### Note 9: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

In 2022 the County General Fund transferred \$120,000 to the County Jail Capital Improvement Fund. The transfer was budgeted and done to increase funds being accumulated in the Jail Capital Improvement Fund. This fund was created to account for money for future expansion of the County's Judicial Center building.

#### Note 10: TABOR COMPLIANCE

#### Emergency Reserve - Tax Spending and Debt Limitations

On November 3, 1992, the voters of Colorado approved Amendment 1, commonly known as the TABOR Amendment, which adds a new Section 20 to Article X of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado, all local governments, and special districts.

#### Note 10: TABOR COMPLIANCE (continued)

The County's financial activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, will provide the basis for calculation of future limitations adjusted for allowable increases tied to inflation and local growth. Subsequent to December 31, 2016, revenue in excess of the County's "spending limit" must be refunded unless voters approve the retainage of such excess revenue. TABOR generally requires voter approval for any new tax, tax increases and new debt.

In November, 1996, the County's electorate approved a resolution to permit the County to collect and receive, retain, and expend all revenue and other funds from any source, notwithstanding the limitations of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, beginning with fiscal year 1995 and all succeeding years, provided however, that there is no increasing of tax rates or new taxes imposed.

TABOR is extremely complex and subject to interpretation. Ultimate implementation may depend upon litigation and legislative guidance.

The County has made the following fund balance restriction as a result of Article X, Section 20 (TABOR) of the Colorado Constitution:

The Article requires an emergency restriction be set aside in the amount of 3% or more of its fiscal year spending. At December 31, 2022, the County has restricted \$1,000,000 in the General Fund for this purpose, which is in excess of the required 3%.

The County believes it has fully complied with the provisions of the TABOR amendment.

#### Note 11: CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Environmental Protection Agency and the Colorado Department of Health have approved various rules and regulations regarding the operation of solid waste landfills. These rules and regulations were effective in 1994 but the implementation was delayed until 1997. GASB adopted Statement #18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs, provides guidance for the accounting and financial reporting of these closure and postclosure costs. The GASB statement requires landfill operators to recognize these costs starting in 1994 even though the federal and state rules were not effective until 1997.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these

#### Note 11: CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS (continued)

closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. Closure and postclosure care cost are calculated annually to allow for inflation.

In 2009, the County engaged Paragon Consulting Group to prepare a new Design and Operations Plan (D&O) for the Morgan County Solid Waste Landfill facility. With the implementation of the new baler system constructed in 2009, there have been considerable changes in operations from the last D&O updated in 2003. According to the new D&O submitted to the Colorado Department of Public Health Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Division, the life of the County Landfill will be extended to 2082. The previous landfill life estimate was 2051. In 2019 the County engaged AEC (American Environmental Consultants) to revise the total landfill capacity. A new cell was constructed and the new capacity was calculated at 9,303,112 cubic yards.

In compliance with Section 1.8 of the Colorado Regulations Pertaining to Solid Waste Sites and Facilities (Regulations), a revised calculation of costs for closure and postclosure was completed in 2019 by American Environmental Consulting, LLC.

At December 31, 2022, the closure cost for the Morgan County landfill was \$2,361,795 and estimated postclosure care cost was \$531,220. The \$780,526 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at December 31, 2022, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on a 26.98 percent capacity usage of the estimated total cost of closure and postclosure care of \$2,893,015. This is an increase of \$249,784 from the closure and postclosure liability reported in 2021.

The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$2,112,489 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2022. The remaining life of the landfill is 59 years. The County expects to close the landfill in the year 2082. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County will be required by state and federal laws and regulations to provide certain financial assurances, which might include making annual contributions to a trust, to finance these closure and postclosure care costs. The County does not expect to pay any postclosure costs within the next year.

#### Note 12: BUDGETARY DATA

The actual results of operations are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles which differ in certain respects from those practices used in the preparations of the 2022 budget. For purposes of preparing the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual, the actual

#### Note 12: BUDGETARY DATA (continued)

results of operations have been adjusted to a basis consistent with the County's budgeted revenues and expenditures.

Adjustments necessary to convert the expenditures at the end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis are as follows:

	Proprietary Fund Types							
	Central	Δ	mbulance	S	olid Waste			
	Service		Service	Management				
	Fund	Fund			Fund			
Net Income (Loss)								
GAAP Basis	\$ (539,421)	\$	(315,186)	\$	386,716			
Increase (Decrease) Due To:								
Depreciation	1,111,387		92,236		80,795			
Capital Outlay	(1,301,122)		(15,652)		(889,783)			
Net Income (Loss)								
Budgetary Basis	\$ (729,156)	\$	(238,602)	\$	(422,272)			

#### Note 13: JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The County, along with other counties and cities in Northeastern Colorado, participate in various intergovernmental service organizations. The County provides various levels of funding and normally has some degree of representation on the various Boards.

#### Northeastern Colorado Association of Local Governments

Northeastern Colorado Association of Local Governments was organized pursuant to Article XIV, Section 18 (2) of the Colorado Constitution and 29-1-401, 29-1-402, and 29-1-403, CRS.1973. Membership is open to the counties and incorporated municipalities comprising Colorado Planning and Management Region One. The purpose of the organization is to promote regional cooperation and coordination among local governments. The organization is governed by a Board of Directors. Morgan County's representation consists of one regular representative and one alternate representative to the Board. In 2022, the County did not make any contributions to Northeastern Colorado Association of Local Governments.

#### Note 13: JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

#### Northeast Colorado Health Department

The Northeast Colorado Health Department's jurisdiction, at the discretion of the Board's of County Commissioners, extends over all unincorporated areas and all municipal corporations in Logan, Morgan, Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington, and Yuma Counties. The Department administers and enforces laws pertaining to public health, vital statistics, and water quality control. It is a public organization consisting of a Board of Health, a public health officer, and any other personnel as required to fulfill the functions of the Department. The Board of Health is comprised of eight members. Morgan County has two representatives on the Board, requiring that one appointee lives within the City of Fort Morgan. In 2022, the County paid \$277,362 to Northeast Colorado Health Department.

#### Centennial Mental Health Center

Centennial Mental Health Center was incorporated pursuant to C.R.S. 7-22-101-110 to serve the behavioral health needs of ten participating counties. The Board of Directors (Board) consists of twenty-one members. Morgan County has two directorships on the Board. The Board of County Commissioners has the right to name the Commissioner Representatives, who may be, but are not required to be, a member of the Board of Commissioners. At least one-half of the Board shall be persons who are not providers of health care. In 2022, the County did not make any contributions to Centennial Mental Health Center.

#### Note 14: RETIREMENT PLAN

Morgan County is a member of the Colorado Retirement Association, a multi-employer defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are entered into the plan upon hire date with the County. The County and the employee each contribute an amount equal to 4.00% of the employee's gross wages. Employees may make additional voluntary contributions. Contribution rates may be amended by vote of the County Commissioners.

Net earnings or losses are allocated quarterly to Plan participants. The allocation is based on each participant's balance at the beginning of that quarter. Participants receiving benefit payments upon retirement or termination are allocated earnings through the date of termination.

Participants vest in employer contributions and in the earnings, losses and changes in fair value of the plan assets on a 6-year vesting schedule Participants are immediately vested 100% in their own contributions and earnings. County contributions and those

#### Note 14: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

earnings which have not vested to an employee terminating activity in the plan are returned to the County to use in meeting current and future funding requirements. Total retirement forfeiture was \$70,676.

Both the County and the covered employees made the required 4.00% contributions, amounting to \$518,276 from the County and \$655,192 from the employees (including voluntary contributions) for a total contribution of \$1,173,468.

If employment terminates, the Plan permits distribution of the vested account. Distribution may be made as soon as practicable following the date of termination. Morgan County does not offer post-employment retirement benefits.

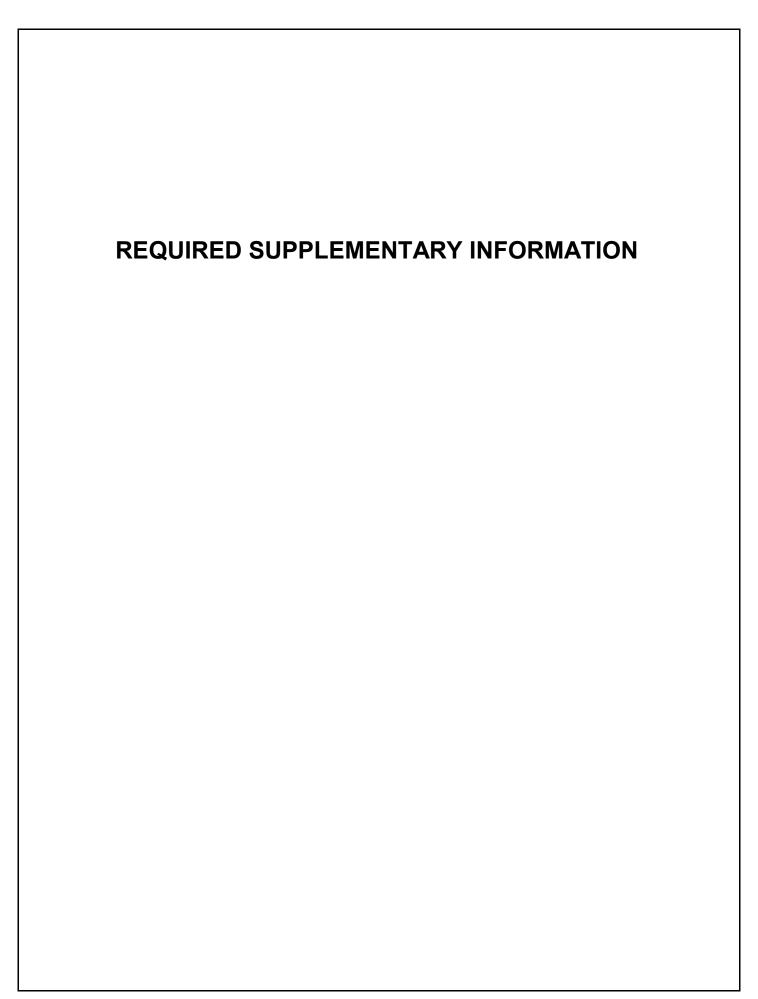
The Plan issues a complete stand-alone set of financial statements that meet all the reporting requirements of US GAAP. These financial statements are publicly available and may be obtained at: Colorado Retirement Association, 751 Southpark Drive, Littleton, CO 80120 or at the following web address: CRA-online.org.

#### **Note 15: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The County is involved in various multi-county self-insurance pools. In the event the contributions to the pools are not enough to cover claims, the County may be required to provide additional funding.

The County receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and other grant programs. The disbursement of finances received under these programs generally requires compliance with specific guidelines and is subject to audit by other agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits may create a liability







#### **MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **General Fund**

**General Fund-** This fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

**Road and Bridge -** This fund is restricted for the acquisition, signage, construction and maintenance of new and existing roads and bridges in the County.

**Social Services Fund -** This fund is used to provide separate accountability or revenues and expenditures for the various public welfare services provided by the Department of Social Services.

#### Morgan County, Colorado General Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final	Final					
	Budget Amount	Actual Amount			Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	 7		7.11.10.11.11		(i i gaii i s		
Taxes:							
Property taxes - current	\$ 13,160,635	\$	13,132,894	\$	(27,741)		
Property taxes - abatements	(5,000)		(12,158)		(7,158)		
Property taxes - delinquent	20,000		216,444		196,444		
Proceeds of tax sale	5,000		14,432		9,432		
Specific ownership taxes	1,200,000		1,277,528		77,528		
Cigarette tax	5,000		8,202		3,202		
Sales tax commissions	90,000		90,627		627		
Intergovernmental	6,766,270		1,013,445		(5,752,825)		
Licenses and permits	87,000		101,523		14,523		
Fines and forfeitures	2,000		2,243		243		
Fee accounts	1,629,700		1,535,761		(93,939)		
Investment income	176,000		336,324		160,324		
Miscellaneous	 208,280		309,220		100,940		
Total revenues	\$ 23,344,885	\$	18,026,485	\$	(5,318,400)		

#### Morgan County, Colorado General Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

		Original and Final Budget Actual Amount Amount				Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government:						
Commissioners	\$	311,935	\$	304,126	\$	7,809
Planning and zoning	·	389,222	•	231,958	•	157,264
Administration		2,880,011		2,168,789		711,222
Clerk		977,995		886,860		91,135
Treasurer		241,463		246,022		(4,559)
Public trustee		12,700		12,500		200
Assessor		739,825		741,342		(1,517)
Maintenance	-	1,386,744	_	1,527,180		(140,436)
Total general government		6,939,895	_	6,118,777	_	821,118
Judicial and public safety:						
Sheriff		2,868,263		2,868,286		(23)
Jail		3,026,054		2,853,686		172,368 <sup>°</sup>
Communications center		930,966		904,778		26,188
Coroner		218,404		227,893		(9,489)
Emergency management		121,904	_	124,440		(2,536)
Total judicial and public safety		7,165,591	_	6,979,083		186,508
Auxiliary services:						
Extension service		334,670		354,587		(19,917)
Veterans' officer		22,716		19,948		2,768
Parks and recreation		181,452		157,871		23,581
Engineer		5,004 543.842		4,583 536,989		421 6.853
Total auxiliary services		343,042		330,909		0,000
Intergovernmental cooperation outlay		1,126,591		1,083,991		42,600
Capital outlay		17,485,000	_	512,883		16,972,117
Total expenditures		33,260,919	_	15,231,723		18,029,196
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		(9,916,034)		2,794,762		12,710,796
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out:						
Jail capital improvement fund		(120,000)		(120,000)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		25,001		25,001
Total other financing sources (uses)		(120,000)		(94,999)		25,001
Net change in fund balances		(10,036,034)		2,699,763		12,735,797
Fund Balances, January 1		32,730,322		35,739,944		3,009,622
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	22,694,288	\$	38,439,707	\$	15,745,419
,	<u> </u>	, ,	<u></u>	,,	É	-, -, -,

#### Morgan County, Colorado

#### Road and Bridge Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

#### Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	,			_		
Taxes:						
Property taxes - current	\$	5,069,061	\$	5,058,376	\$	(10,685)
Property taxes - abatements		(1,000)		(4,681)		(3,681)
Property taxes - delinquent		10,000		83,211		73,211
Specific ownership taxes		350,000		417,751		67,751
Intergovernmental		3,402,967		3,307,702		(95,265)
Charges for materials/service		19,000		27,284		8,284
Investment income		20,000		100,471		80,471
Miscellaneous		13,500		14,349		849
Total revenues		8,883,528		9,004,463		120,935
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Maintenance - routine		3,032,152		2,466,687		565,465
Maintenance - asphalt		2,076,871		1,755,435		321.436
Snow and ice removal		107,000		258,498		(151,498)
Structural construction		769,424		290.999		478,425
Administration		1,812,105		1,298,671		513,434
Remittance to muncipalities		941,874		955,409		(13,535)
Capital outlay		1,748,715		1,896,251		(147,536)
Total expenditures		10,488,141		8,921,950		1,566,191
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(1,604,613)		82,513		1,687,126
Fund Balances, January 1		13,247,831		15,722,361		2,474,530
Fund Balances, December 31	Φ.	11,643,218	\$	15,804,874	\$	4,161,656
i unu barances, beceniber s i	φ	11,043,210	φ	13,004,074	φ	+, 101,030

### Morgan County, Colorado Social Services Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

#### Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Taxes: Property taxes - current Property taxes - abatements Property taxes - delinquent Intergovernmental Intergovernmental:	\$	1,351,750 (500) 700 19	\$	1,348,901 (1,248) 18,233 21	\$	(2,849) (748) 17,533 2	
Colorado state allocation: Administration JOBS/WORKS/TANF block grant Child welfare block grant Child care block grant Medicaid transportation Miscellaneous		2,059,884 569,841 1,716,571 101,008 57,821 30,000		2,348,018 517,197 1,423,055 98,989 33,177 39,613		288,134 (52,644) (293,516) (2,019) (24,644) 9,613	
Total revenues  EXPENDITURES  Current:		5,887,094		5,825,956		(61,138)	
Administration Adult Protective Services JOBS/WORKS/TANF block grant Aid to needy disabled Child welfare block grant Child care block grant General Assistance OAP 5% HCA Total expenditures	_	3,011,575 269,008 593,518 2,000 1,703,770 192,085 17,150 13,500 5,802,606	_	2,460,178 269,930 683,370 13,639 1,896,685 177,018 1,916 17,546 5,520,282	_	551,397 (922) (89,852) (11,639) (192,915) 15,067 15,234 (4,046) 282,324	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Fund Balances, January 1 Fund Balances, December 31	\$	84,488 1,227,887 1,312,375	\$	305,674 1,477,196 1,782,870	\$	221,186 249,309 470,495	

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

### NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2022

#### **Note 1: BUDGETARY DATA**

The County annually adopts the Budget Resolution for all operating funds of the County. Prior to October 15, the Budget Officer submits to the County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1 for all funds, except custodial funds. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them. Prior to December 31, the budget is legally adopted through the passage of adoption and appropriation resolutions. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.



#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for expenditure for particular purposes.

**911 Emergency Telephone Fund** - This fund is used to account for the funding and expenditures of the County-wide emergency telephone line. Funding is obtained through a tax of seventy cents placed on every telephone bill in the County on a monthly basis. Expenditures are for purchases and repairs of equipment.

**Lodging Tax Tourism Fund -** This fund is used to account for receipt and disbursement of the 1.9% County-wide room tax established to pay for tourism promotion.

**Conservation Trust Fund -** This fund is used to provide for an accounting of those monies received through the State of Colorado Lottery Fund program. The State requires that these monies be expended in areas of parks and recreation development.

**Sheriff's Confiscation/Seizure Fund -** This fund is used to account for monies collected from the sale of evidence seized by the Sheriff's Office.

Capital	Improvement Fund	
---------	------------------	--

Capital improvement funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary fund and trust funds.

Jail Capital Improvement Fund - In 2008, this fund was created to accumulate monies for future capital expansion of the Morgan County Jail. This project will be funded by the recently approved Model Traffic Code fees received by the Morgan County Sheriff and amounts received as a result of housing individuals sentenced to incarceration from any other jurisdiction than Morgan County District or County Court.

#### Morgan County, Colorado Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	Special Revenue							
		911 Emergency Telephone		Lodging Tax Tourism		Conservation Trust		Sheriff's Confiscation/ Seizure
ASSETS: Cash Cash held by county departments Cash and investments held by	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85 7,928
County Treasurer Accounts receivable Intergovernmental Receivables		1,271,110 133,072 -		644,828 - 46,818		467,728 - -		- - -
Total assets	\$	1,404,182	\$	691,646	\$	467,728	\$	8,013
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Warrants payable	\$	168,377	\$	1,867	\$	-	\$	-
Vouchers payable Accounts payable		227,815		14,278		-		- 450
Interfund payables		-		162		-		-
Total liabilities	_	396,192	_	16,307	_	-		450
Fund balances: Restricted for:								
911 emergency		1,007,990		<u>-</u>		-		-
Tourism Parks and recreation		-		675,339		- 467,728		-
Law enforcement		-		-		407,720		7,563
Committed to: Jail expansion		_		-		_		_
Total fund balances		1,007,990		675,339	_	467,728	_	7,563
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,404,182	\$	691,646	\$	467,728	\$	8,013

		C	apital Projects		
			Jail		Total Nonmajor
			Capital		Governmental
	Total		Improvement		Funds
\$	85	\$	-	\$	85
	7,928		-		7,928
	2,383,666		1,438,969		3,822,635
	133,072		-		133,072
_	46,818	_	- 4 400 000	_	46,818
\$	2,571,569	\$	1,438,969	\$	4,010,538
\$	170,244	\$	-	\$	170,244
	242,093		-		242,093
	450		-		450
	162				162
	412,949		-		412,949
					_
	1,007,990		-		1,007,990
	675,339		-		675,339
	467,728		-		467,728
	7,563		-		7,563
	-		1,438,969		1,438,969
	2,158,620		1,438,969		3,597,589
\$	2,571,569	\$	1,438,969	\$	4,010,538

#### Morgan County, Colorado

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Special	Revenue		
	911 mergency elephone	 Lodging Tax Tourism	Cons	ervation rust	Sheriff's Confiscation/ Seizure
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 196,670	\$		\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-		122,154	-
Fee accounts	-	-		-	822
Charges for materials/service	774,001	-		-	-
Investment income	 -	 400.070		6,974	 -
Total revenues	 774,001	 196,670	-	129,128	 822
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	-	151,235		-	-
Judicial and public safety	696,435	· -		-	9
Capital outlay	116,880	-		-	-
Total expenditures	813,315	151,235		-	9
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(39,314)	45,435		129,128	813
Other financing sources: Operating transfers in: Transfers in	 	 _			 <u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	(39,314)	45,435		129,128	813
Fund Balances, January 1	1,047,304	629,904		338,600	6,750
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 1,007,990	\$ 675,339	\$	467,728	\$ 7,563

	Capital Projects	
	Jail	Total Nonmajor
	Capital	Governmental
Total	Improvement	Funds
\$ 196,670	\$ -	\$ 196,670
122,154	-	122,154
822	13,984	14,806
774,001	-	774,001
6,974	-	6,974
1,100,621	13,984	1,114,605
151,235	-	151,235
696,444	-	696,444
116,880		116,880
 964,559		964,559
136,062	13,984	150,046
	400.000	400.000
 	120,000	120,000
136,062	133,984	270,046
2,022,558	1,304,985	3,327,543
\$ 2,158,620	\$ 1,438,969	\$ 3,597,589
 . ,		

#### Morgan County, Colorado

#### 911 Emergency Telephone Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

#### Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Emergency telephone service surcharges	\$ 700,000	\$ 774,001	\$ 74,001
Total revenues	700,000	774,001	74,001
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Compensation and benefits	500,000	500,000	_
Operating supplies	4,000	5,222	(1,222)
Purchased services	207,000	180,870	26,130
Fixed charges	7,000	3,083	3,917
Miscellaneous	265,000	7,260	257,740
Capital outlay	650,000	116,880	533,120
Total expenditures	1,633,000	813,315	819,685
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(933,000)	(39,314)	893,686
Fund Balances, January 1	864,464	1,047,304	182,840
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ (68,536)	\$ 1,007,990	\$ 1,076,526

#### Morgan County, Colorado Lodging Tax Tourism Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

#### Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Year ended December 31, 2022

		original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Fii	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	ď	160,000	\$	196,670	¢	36,670
Lodging tax	\$	160,000	Φ	190,070	\$	30,070
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Compensation and benefits		35,000		43,750		(8,750)
Operating supplies		2,000		1,444		556
Purchased services		135,700		69,935		65,765
Fixed charges		3,600		3,600		-
Contributions		40,000		30,597		9,403
Miscellaneous		2,000		1,909		91
Total expenditures		218,300		151,235		67,065
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(58,300)		45,435		103,735
Fund Balances, January 1		552,795		629,904		77,109
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	494,495	\$	675,339	\$	180,844

#### Morgan County, Colorado Conservation Trust Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

#### Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

#### Year ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budgeted Actua Amounts Amour					Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	90,000	\$	122,154	\$	32,154		
Interest	·	1,000	·	6,974	·	5,974		
Total revenues		91,000		129,128		38,128		
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Compensation and benefits		48,000		-		48,000		
Operating supplies		2,000		-		2,000		
Capital outlay		20,000				20,000		
Total expenditures		70,000				70,000		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		21,000		129,128		108,128		
Fund Balances, January 1		269,995		338,600		68,605		
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	290,995	\$	467,728	\$	176,733		

#### Morgan County, Colorado

#### Sheriff's Confiscation/Seizure Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

#### Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

	Oi E	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES						
Fee accounts	\$	1,000	\$	822	\$	(178)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Operating supplies		1,000		9		991
Total expenditures		1,000		9		991
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		-		813		813
Fund Balances, January 1		5,836		6,750		914
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	5,836	\$	7,563	\$	1,727

#### Morgan County, Colorado

#### Jail Capital Improvement Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

#### Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Fee accounts	\$ 10,000	\$ 13,984	\$ 3,984
Total revenues	10,000	13,984	3,984
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Capital outlay	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Total expenditures	1,000,000		1,000,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(990,000)	13,984	1,003,984
Other financing sources: Transfers in:			
General fund	120,000	120,000	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	(870,000)	133,984	1,003,984
Fund Balances, January 1	1,176,217	1,304,985	128,768
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 306,217	\$ 1,438,969	\$ 1,132,752



#### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the County's Board of Commissioners is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the County's Board of Commissioners has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Ambulance Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the County owned and operated ambulance

service.

**Solid Waste Management Fund -** This fund is used to account for the solid waste management activities of the County including the operation of the County's only municipal solid waste landfill and three strategically located solid waste transfer stations.

#### Morgan County, Colorado Ambulance Service Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

		Original Budget		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues	•	4.055.000	•	4 055 000	•	4 005 004	•	440.004
Charges for services	\$	1,255,000	\$	1,255,000	\$	1,365,394	\$	110,394
Miscellaneous revenues		20,500	-	20,500		16,205	_	(4,295)
Total operating revenues		1,275,500		1,275,500		1,381,599	_	106,099
Operating expenses								
Compensation and benefits		1,134,836		1,184,836		1,346,552		(161,716)
Operating supplies		66,150		66,150		57,298		` 8,852 <sup>′</sup>
Purchased services		182,700		182,700		144,904		37,796
Fixed charges		182,750		182,750		175,508		7,242
Other expenses		69,500		69,500		19,729		49,771
Capital outlay		40,000		40,000		15,652		24,348
Total operating expenses		1,675,936		1,725,936		1,759,643		(33,707)
Operating income (loss)		(400,436)		(450,436)		(378,044)	_	72,392
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
State grant		25,000		25,000		130,580		105,580
Interest		2,000		2,000		8,862		6,862
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		27,000		27,000		139,442	_	112,442
Net income (loss) - budget basis	\$	(373,436)	\$	(423,436)		(238,602)	\$	184,834
Adjustments for GAAP Basis								
Capital outlay						15,652		
Depreciation						(92,236)		
Total Adjustments for GAAP Basis						(76,584)		
Total Adjustifients for GAAF basis						(70,364)		
Change in net position (GAAP Basis)						(315,186)		
Total net position, January 1						2,341,709		
Total net position, December 31					\$	2,026,523		
• •								

#### Morgan County, Colorado Solid Waste Management Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

		Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues	\$	4 404 050	Φ.	4 005 000	ф	90,318
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenues	Ф	1,194,950 4,000	\$	1,285,268 4,801	\$	90,318 801
		1,198,950		1,290,069	_	
Total operating revenues		1,190,930		1,290,009		91,119
Operating expenses						
Compensation and benefits		393,172		419,645		(26,473)
Operating supplies		67,000		65,131		1,869
Purchased services		268,250		177,045		91,205
Fixed charges		210,500		171,724		38,776
Other expenses		292,500		63,256		229,244
Capital outlay		30,000		889,783		(859,783)
Total operating expenses		1,261,422		1,786,584	_	(525,162)
Operating income (loss)		(62,472)		(496,515)		(434,043)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		15,000		74,243		59,243
						59,243
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		15,000		74,243	-	39,243
Net income (loss) - budget basis	\$	(47,472)	\$	(422,272)	\$	(374,800)
Adjustments for GAAP Basis						
Capital outlay				889.783		
Depreciation				(80,795)		
Total Adjustments for GAAP Basis				808,988		
Change in net position (GAAP Basis)				386.716		
Total net position, January 1				6,770,672		
Total net position, December 31			Φ.	7,157,388		
• /			\$ <del></del>			



	INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
of good Accounti and Flee County	ntral Services Fund is used to account for the financing and/or services provided by Attorney Services, ing, Information Systems, Central Inventory Control, at Management to other County departments and funds, involved jointly governed organizations and other mental units on a cost reimbursed basis.

#### Morgan County, Colorado Central Services Fund Schedule of Net Position December 31, 2022

	Central Services Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 350
Cash and investments held by County Treasurer	2,886,962
Receivable (net of allowance	
uncollectibles:	
Accounts Receivable	17,386
Interfund Receivables	354,068
Inventory	225,022
Total current assets	3,483,788
Long term assets:	
Capital assets (net of accumulated	
depreciation):	
Buildings	1,220
General equipment	6,481,565
Infrastructure	12,603
Total long term assets	6,495,388
Total assets	9,979,176
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Warrants payable	182,875
Vouchers payable	191,986
Accounts payable	62,178
Compensated absences	88,412
Total current liabilities	525,451
Long term liabilities:	
Compensated absences	45,809
Total long term liabilities	45,809
Total liabilities	571,260
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	6,495,388
Unrestricted	2,912,528
Total net position	\$ 9,407,916

#### Morgan County, Colorado Central Services Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Year ended December 31, 2022

	(	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$	4,612,500	\$	4,264,277	\$	(348,223)
Miscellaneous revenues		-		12,048		12,048
Total operating revenues		4,612,500		4,276,325		(336,175)
Operating expenses						
Compensation and benefits		1,672,037		1,470,432		201,605
Operating supplies		1,717,050		1,777,353		(60,303)
Purchased services		581,770		626,640		(44,870)
Fixed charges		74,850		85,727		(10,877)
Other expenses		7,700		1,136		6,564
Capital outlay		3,452,573		1,301,122		2,151,451
Total operating expenses		7,505,980		5,262,410	_	2,243,570
Operating loss		(2,893,480)		(986,085)		1,907,395
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
State grant		110,000		94,346		(15,654)
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		-		147,648		147,648
Insurance recovery		-		14,935		14,935
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		110,000		256,929	_	146,929
Net income (loss) - budget basis	\$	(2,783,480)		(729,156)	\$	2,054,324
Adjustments for GAAP Basis						
Capital outlay				1,301,122		
Depreciation				(1,111,387)		
Total Adjustments for GAAP Basis				189,735		
Channe in wat was ities (CAAR Rasia)				(500,404)		
Change in net position (GAAP Basis)				(539,421)		
Total net position, January 1			•	9,947,337		
Total net position, December 31			\$	9,407,916		

#### **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

**County Treasurer** - This fund is used to account for monies received and held by the County Treasurer as agent for other governmental units located within the County.

**County Clerk** - This fund is used to account for monies received by the County Clerk as agent for other governmental units.

**County Sheriff** - This fund is used to account for monies received by the County Sheriff and Jail for individuals or on behalf of the inmates in the County's care.

**County Public Trustee** - This fund is used to account for the fiduciary activities of the Pubic Trustee including forclosures and releases of deeds of trust.

# Morgan County, Colorado Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2022

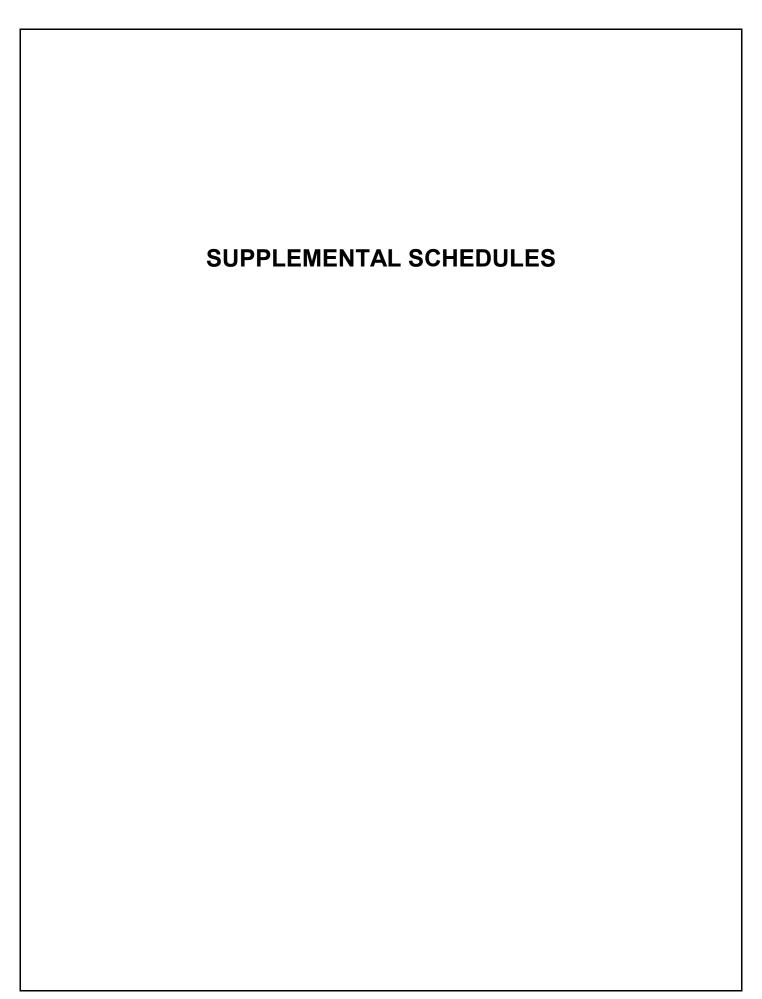
	C	ounty Clerk Fund		County Sheriff Fund		County Treasurer Fund		Public Trustee Fund		Total
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	738,981	\$	67,658	\$	2,002,967	\$	15,048	\$	2,824,654
Total assets		738,981	_	67,658	_	2,002,967	_	15,048	_	2,824,654
LIABILIITES										
Due to others		738,981		_		2,002,967		15,048		2,756,996
Total liabilities		738,981				2,002,967		15,048		2,756,996
NET POSITION										
Restricted for individuals				67,658				-		67,658
Total net position	\$	-	\$	67,658	\$	-	\$	-	\$	67,658

## Morgan County, Colorado Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

#### For the year ended December 31, 2022

	 County Clerk Fund		County Sheriff Fund		County Treasurer Fund	_	Public Trustee Fund		Total
Additions									
Cash deposits	\$ 10,776,541	\$	272,513	\$	47,600,207	\$	257	\$	58,649,518
Total additions	 10,776,541	_	272,513	_	47,600,207	_	257	_	58,649,518
Deductions									
Paid to others	10,776,541		271,589		47,600,207		257		58,648,594
Total deductions	10,776,541	_	271,589		47,600,207		257		58,648,594
Change in net position	-		924		-		-		924
Total net position, January 1	-		66,734		-				66,734
Total net position, December 31	\$ -	\$	67,658	\$	-	\$	-	\$	67,658





#### OMB No. 2125-0032 STATE: Colorado YEAR ENDING LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT (mm/yy): 12/22 Prepared By: LORI CRISPIN This Information From The Records Of: MORGAN COUNTY

#### I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE

	1					
ITEM	A. Loc		B. Local	C. Receipts from		eceipts from
HEM	Motor Tax		Motor-Vehicle Taxes	State Highway- User Taxes		eral Highway ministration
Total receipts available	1 a x	ies	Taxes	User Taxes	Au	illilisti atioli
Ninus amount used for collection expenses						
Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes						
Winus amount used for mass transit      Minus amount used for mass transit						
Remainder used for highway purposes						
5. Itemaniaei asea ioi mgiiway parposes						
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURP	POSES			SBURSEMENTS FOI ND STREET PURPO		
ITEM	AMO	UNT	ITE	M	A	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:			A. Local highway disbur	sements:		
Local highway-user taxes			Capital outlay (from		\$	1,896,251
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)			2. Maintenance:		\$	3,852,609
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)			<ol><li>Road and street serv</li></ol>	ices:		
c. Total (a.+b.)			<ul> <li>a. Traffic control op</li> </ul>	erations		
2. General fund appropriations			b. Snow and ice rer	noval	\$	280,053
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	\$ 5	,555,494	c. Other		\$	39,842
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	\$	141,267	d. Total (a. through	ı c.)	\$	319,895
5. Transfers from toll facilities			<ol> <li>General administrat</li> </ol>	ion & miscellaneous	\$	2,853,195
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:			<ol><li>Highway law enforce</li></ol>	ement and safety		
a. Bonds - Original Issues			6. Total (1 through 5)		\$	8,921,950
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues			B. Debt service on local	obligations:		
c. Notes			1. Bonds:			
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	\$	-	a. Interest			
7. Total (1 through 6)	\$ 5	,696,761	b. Redemption			
B. Private Contributions			c. Total (a. + b.)		\$	-
C. Receipts from State government			2. Notes:			
(from page 2)	\$ 3	,190,362	a. Interest			
D. Receipts from Federal Government			b. Redemption			
(from page 2)	\$	117,340	c. Total (a. + b.)		\$	-
E. Total receipts $(A.7 + B + C + D)$	\$ 9	,004,463	3. Total (1.c + 2.c)	<u>-                                    </u>	\$	
			C. Payments to State for	highways		
			D. Payments to toll facil	ities		
			E. Total disbursements	(A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	\$	8,921,950

#### IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS

(Show all entries at par)

	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)				\$ -
Bonds (Refunding Portion)				\$ -
B. Notes (Total)				\$ -

#### V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE

	A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
	\$ 15,722,361	\$ 9,004,463	\$ 8,921,950	\$ 15,804,874	\$ -

**Notes and Comments:** 

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 06/2000)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

(Next Page)

	STATE:
	COLORADO
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):
	12/22

#### II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	\$ 5,136,906	a. Interest on investments	\$ 100,471
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	\$ 838	d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	\$ 17,110
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	\$ 417,750	g. Other Misc. Receipts	\$ 167
6. Total (1. through 5.)	\$ 418,588	h. Other	\$ 23,519
c. Total (a. + b.)	\$ 55,555,494	i. Total (a. through h.)	\$ 141,267
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	3,112,750	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
<ul> <li>a. State bond proceeds</li> </ul>		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	\$ 77,533	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - PILT Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	\$ 117,340
e. Other (Specify) - SB21-260	\$ 79	f. Other Federal	\$ 117,340
f. Total (a. through e.)	\$ 77,612	g. Total (a. through f.)	\$ 117,340
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	\$ 3,190,362	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

#### III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
A.1. Capital outlay:	(4)	(6)	(e)
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			\$ -
b. Engineering Costs			\$ -
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			
(2). Capacity Improvements		\$ 10,986	\$ 10,986
(3). System Preservation		\$ 1,885,265	\$ 1,885,265
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	\$ -	\$ 1,896,251	\$ 1,896,251
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	\$ -	\$ 1,896,251	\$ 1,896,251
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

See Independent Auditors' Report

### Morgan County, Colorado Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance Reconciliation December 31, 2022

#### FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE RECONCILATION

#### Social Services Fund

On February 1, 1997, the Colorado Department of Human Services (CDHS) started the implementation of electronic payment methods from the CDHS directly to welfare clients and service providers. These electronic payments replaced the payment method of county warrants and significantly changed the cash flow between counties and the CDHS. Typically, a welfare payment is composed of a combination of federal, state, and local money. Previously, the county warrants were reimbursed by the CDHS with federal and state funds. Currently, with the EBT system, the counties pay their local share of these EBT payment authorizations to the CDHS.

This significant change in cash flow created a considerable change in financial reporting. During the implementation phase of EBT, the counties were instructed to record only their local share of EBT authorizations as expenditures and not the total amount of the EBT authorization. They were instructed to disclose the total amount of the authorizations in a note to the financial statements or in an additional schedule.

The program expenditures by source are reported in the schedule of EBT authorizations, warrant expenditures, and total expenditures as follows:

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLORADO HUMAN SERVICES FUND

Schedule of EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	А	В	С	D	Е
PROGRAM	COUNTY EBT AUTHORIZATIONS	COUNTY SHARE OF AUTHORIZATIONS	EXPENDITURES BY COUNTY WARRANT	COUNTY EBT AUTHORIZATIONS PLUS EXPENDITURES BY COUNTY WARRANT (COL. A + COL. C)	TOTAL COUNTY EXPENDITURES (COL. B + COL. C)
CHILD WELFARE				(002.77 002.0)	(002.2 002.0)
ADMIN - 80% & 100%	-	-	1,722,688	1,722,688	1,722,688
CHRP	-	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
RES MENTAL HEALTH	177,795	-	-	177,795	-
CASE SERVICES	7,952	794	6,961	14,913	7,755
ООН	501,079	95,399	-	501,079	95,399
SPECIAL CIRCUM CC	8,606	1,719	24,373	32,979	26,092
SUBADOPT	431,483	44,752	-	431,483	44,752
TOTAL CW	1,126,915	142,664	1,754,022	2,880,937	1,896,686
COUNTY ADMINISTRATION	-	-	950,853	950,853	950,853
STAFF DEVELOPMENT	-	-	-		-
CORE SERVICES	166,108	-	480,176	646,284	480,176
CHAFEE			208,536	208,536	208,536
LEAP & ADMIN	633,298	-	7,025	640,323	7,025
AND & HCA - AND	96,859	13,639	-	96,859	13,639
IV-D ADMINISTRATION (CSE)	_	_	691,769	691,769	691,769
EMPLOYMENT 1ST	1,325	662	47,854	49,179	48,516
TANF & WORKS ADMIN	412,376	116,205	567,166	979,542	683,371
CHILD CARE & ADMIN	588,804	80,237	96,781	685,585	177,018
OLD AGE PEN & ADMIN	266,409		16,268	282,677	16,268
HCA - OAP	25,564	1,278	10,200	25,564	1,278
FC PARENTAL FEE	20,001	1,210	1,566	1,566	1,566
HB1451 CARE MGT GRANT	_	-	53,758	53,758	53,758
SSI DISABILITY			55,155		55,155
NAVIGATOR	-	-	17,977	17,977	17,977
GENERAL ASSISTANCE	-	-	1,916	1,916	1,916
ADULT PROTECTION	-	-	269,930	269,930	269,930
AUDIT ADJUSTMENT	-	-	-	-	-
	2,190,743	212,021	3,411,575	5,602,318	3,623,596
FOOD ASSISTANCE	12,133,785	-	_	12,133,785	-
GRAND TOTAL	15,451,443	354,685	5,165,597	20,617,040	5,520,282

- A. Welfare payments authorized by the Morgan County Department of Human Services. These county authorizations are paid by the Colorado Department of Human Services by QUEST debit cards or by electronic funds transfer (EFT).
- B. County share of EBT authorizations. These amounts are settled monthly by a reduction of State cash advances to the county.
- C. Expenditures made by county warrants or other county payment methods.
- D. This represents the total cost of the welfare programs that are administered by Morgan County.
- E. This total matches the expenditures on the Social Services Fund Statement of Revenues & Expenditures.



STATISTICAL SECTION	



### Morgan County, Colorado Statistical Section December 31, 2021

This part of Morgan County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Pages
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	104 - 112
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	113 - 123
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	124 - 126
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	127 - 129
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	130 - 135

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

### Morgan County, Colorado Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

		2022	 2021	 2020
Governmental activities  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted  Unrestricted	\$	85,897,227 20,288,938 41,312,384	\$ 93,185,674 17,460,049 41,558,071	\$ 101,452,886 12,059,538 42,065,680
Total governmental activities net position	\$	147,498,549	\$ 152,203,794	\$ 155,578,104
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ <u>\$</u>	3,020,720 6,163,191 9,183,911	\$ 2,288,318 6,824,063 9,112,381	\$ 1,676,338 6,718,282 8,394,620
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Tetal primary government activities not position	\$	88,917,947 20,288,938 47,475,575	\$ 95,473,992 17,460,049 48,382,134	\$ 103,129,224 12,059,538 48,783,962
Total primary govenment activities net position	<u>\$</u>	156,682,460	\$ 161,316,175	\$ 163,972,724

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 110,920,860 11,208,218 38,528,623	\$ 117,813,966 10,560,743 34,851,764	\$ 124,241,092 9,040,123 32,163,842	\$ 131,089,740 9,647,561 28,709,841	\$ 136,884,869 9,911,448 25,300,016	\$ 141,166,518 10,228,223 24,257,515	\$ 147,045,403 9,313,903 23,125,677
\$ 160,657,701	\$ 163,226,473	\$ 165,445,057	\$ 169,447,142	\$ 172,096,333	\$ 175,652,256	\$ 179,484,983
\$ 1,725,262 6,484,187 \$ 8,209,449	\$ 1,769,212 5,691,088 \$ 7,460,300	\$ 1,782,910 4,890,803 \$ 6,673,713	\$ 1,339,384 4,620,083 \$ 5,959,467	\$ 1,353,897 4,168,253 \$ 5,522,150	\$ 1,411,672 3,872,134 \$ 5,283,806	\$ 1,504,703 3,480,904 \$ 4,985,607
\$ 112,646,122	\$ 119,583,178	\$ 126,024,002	\$ 132,429,124	\$ 138,238,766	\$ 142,578,190	\$ 148,550,106
11,208,218 45,012,810	10,560,743 40,542,852	9,040,123 37,054,645	9,647,561 33,329,924	9,911,448 29,468,269	10,228,223 28,129,649	9,313,903 26,606,581
\$ 168,867,150	\$ 170,686,773	<b>\$</b> 172,118,770	\$ 175,406,609	\$ 177,618,483	\$ 180,936,062	\$ 184,470,590

Morgan County, Colorado Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

		2022		2021		2020		2019
Expenses		LULL		2021		2020		2010
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	8,675,798	\$	8,258,422	\$	8,071,055	\$	7,640,141
Judicial and public safety	φ	7,797,655	φ	6,631,128	φ	6,418,615	φ	6,160,079
Auxiliary services		536,990		470,294		452,772		514,335
Roads and bridges		16,256,356		15,179,406		15,881,428		14,396,716
Public welfare		5,533,334		5,288,182		5,137,371		5,039,466
Capital Outlay				- 05 007 100		897,060		
Total governmental activities expenses		38,800,133		35,827,432		36,858,301		33,750,737
Business-type activities:								
Ambulance services	\$	1,836,227	\$	1,603,042	\$	1,457,169	\$	1,350,047
Solid waste services		977,596		541,134		870,814		836,632
Total business-type activities expenses		2,813,823		2,144,176		2,327,983		2,186,679
Total primary government expenses	\$	41,613,956	\$	37,971,608	\$	39,186,284	\$	35,937,416
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	1,331,750	\$	1,782,426	\$	2,298,319	\$	2,133,254
Judicial and public safety		929,473		800,488		532,489		482,306
Road and bridges		38,540		24,126		55,680		35,023
Public Welfare		20,189		-		-		-
Operating grants and contributions		8,937,915		8,523,470		8,672,242		8,708,522
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		28,513
Total governmental activities program revenues		11,257,867		11,130,510		11,558,730		11,387,618
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Ambulance services	\$	1,365,394	\$	1,459,072	\$	1,207,499	\$	1.473.043
Solid waste services	φ	1,285,268	φ	1,284,894	φ	1,176,790	φ	1,210,304
Operating grants and contributions		112,219		3,462		59,555		129,327
Capital grants and contributions		18,361		61,835		39,333		37,380
						2,443,844		
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	2,781,242	_	2,809,263	_		Φ.	2,850,054
Total primary government program revenues	\$	14,039,109	\$	13,939,773	\$	14,002,574	\$	14,237,672
Net (expense)/revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(27,542,266)	\$	(24,696,922)	\$	(25,299,571)	\$	(22,363,119)
Business-type activities	Ψ	(32,581)	~	665,087	~	115,861	~	663,375
Total primary government net expense	\$	(27,574,847)	\$	(24,031,835)	\$	(25,183,710)	\$	(21,699,744)
Total plintary government not expense	<u>Ψ</u>	(=1,011,011)	Ψ_	(= 1,001,000)	Ψ_	(23, 100, 110)	Ψ	(=1,000,114)

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	6,996,471	\$	6,353,665	\$	5,520,906	\$	5,613,406	\$	6,485,480	\$	6,845,246
	5,766,384 464,661		5,248,513 500,709		5,078,786 440,388		5,219,708 464.619		4,694,742 488,566		3,981,293 440,435
	14,167,484		14,695,292		13,072,223		12,667,839		12,806,499		13,798,554
	5,055,167		4,794,943		4,713,540		4,454,833		4,464,512		4,418,503
	- 20 450 467		24 502 422		- 20 025 042	_	- 20 420 405		- 20 020 700	_	- 20 404 024
	32,450,167		31,593,122		28,825,843		28,420,405		28,939,799		29,484,031
\$	1,234,911	\$	1,145,209	\$	1,070,858	\$	1,126,716	\$	1,036,578	\$	1,089,211
	733,357		793,476		763,632		707,029		631,224		973,948
\$	1,968,268 34,418,435	\$	1,938,685 33,531,807	\$	1,834,490 30,660,333	\$	1,833,745 30,254,150	\$	1,667,802 30,607,601	\$	2,063,159 31,547,190
Ψ	34,410,433	Ψ	33,331,007	Ψ	30,000,333	Ψ	30,234,130	Ψ	30,007,001	Ψ	31,347,190
\$	1,436,068	\$	893,981	\$	594,119	\$	537,680	\$	1,221,787	\$	1,215,473
	501,705		541,926		528,016		503,902		517,131		530,147
	202,352		18,132		25,361		8,047		88,274		22,021
	8,484,048		7,936,012		7,328,010		7,566,786		- 7,138,055		6,987,625
	103,638		51,157		- ,020,010		44,654		470,189		791,252
	10,727,811		9,441,208		8,475,506		8,661,069		9,435,436		9,546,518
\$	1,421,886	\$	1,351,772	\$	1,205,051	\$	1,157,045	\$	1,054,961	\$	1,016,461
	1,174,866 64,865		1,062,122 170,419		1,030,125		860,302		814,740 35,141		799,465
	33,151		27,271		3,505		24,165 6,334		6,108		34,487 46,901
	2,694,768		2,611,584		2,238,681		2,047,846		1,910,950		1,897,314
\$	13,422,579	\$	12,052,792	\$	10,714,187	\$	10,708,915	\$	11,346,386	\$	11,443,832
\$	(21,722,358)	\$	(22,151,914)	\$	(20,350,337)	\$	(19,759,336)	\$	(19,504,363)	\$	(19,937,513)
_	726,500	_	672,899	_	404,191	_	214,101	_	243,148		(165,845)
\$	(20,995,858)	\$	(21,479,015)	\$	(19,946,146)	\$	(19,545,235)	\$	(19,261,215)	\$	(20,103,358)

Morgan County, Colorado Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

		2022		2021		2020		2019
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net	Posi	tion						
Governmental activities:								
Taxes								
Property	\$	19,854,404	\$	18,481,069	\$	17,276,977	\$	15,881,611
Specific ownership		1,695,279		1,669,662		1,623,075		1,758,505
Sales - Lodging		287,297		305,824		203,196		218,131
Other		8,202		10,965		14,364		90,044
Interest earnings		443,769		158,831		571,075		1,283,355
Miscellaneous		375,421		458,257		414,155		418,600
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		172,649		238,004		117,132		144,101
Transfers		_		-		-		=
Total governmental activities		22,837,021		21,322,612		20,219,974		19,794,347
Business-type activities:								
Interest earnings		83,105		13,693		42,957		79,026
Miscellaneous		21,006		29,750		26,353		6,748
Gain/(Loss) on sale of assets		-		9,231		-		-, -
Transfers		_		· -		_		_
Total business-type activities		104,111		52,674		69,310		85,774
Total primary government	\$	22,941,132	\$	21,375,286	\$	20,289,284	\$	19,880,121
Change in Net Position	_		_		_		_	
Governmental activities	\$	(4,705,245)	\$	(3,374,310)	\$	(5,079,597)	\$	(2,568,772)
Business-type activities		71,530		717,761		185,171		749,149
Total primary government	\$	(4,633,715)	\$	(2,656,549)	\$	(4,894,426)	\$	(1,819,623)

 2018	 2017	2016		2015		2014		2013
\$ 15,118,777 1,642,242 223,174 89,003 434,313 487,320 155,000	\$ 15,047,692 1,506,682 186,372 80,078 244,482 373,685 262,155	\$	13,579,680 1,538,445 221,834 71,241 190,551 360,891 240,771	\$	12,889,251 1,560,361 207,040 71,016 191,692 428,055 352,529 (28,308) 15,671,636	\$	12,374,675 1,456,985 122,188 56,119 116,984 358,223 487,687	\$ 11,855,985 1,273,495 101,439 109,999 86,927 666,890 23,235 (36,460) 14,081,510
\$ 37,928 3,419 - - 41,347 18,191,176	\$ 30,169 2,984 (27) - 33,126 17,734,272	\$	18,847 5,396 - 24,243 16,227,656	\$	13,955 12,788 - 28,308 55,051 15,726,687	\$	5,630 4,863 - - 10,493 14,983,354	\$ 2,729 3,347 (4,113) - 6,076 14,087,586
\$ (4,002,085) 714,246 (3,287,839)	\$ (2,649,191) 437,317 (2,211,874)	\$	(3,555,923) 238,344 (3,317,579)	\$	(3,832,727) 298,199 (3,534,528)	\$	(4,964,652) (155,352) (5,120,004)	\$ (5,700,436) 432,725 (5,267,711)

### Morgan County, Colorado Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual accounting) (unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
General fund					
Non Spendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	6,702,829	3,893,074	1,082,289	946,337	948,480
Assigned	11,110,863	11,166,492	11,163,572	11,157,713	11,220,486
Committed	981,420	873,074	778,710	679,089	574,041
Unassigned	19,644,595	19,807,304	19,705,751	17,491,938	14,688,077
Total general fund	\$ 38,439,707	\$ 35,739,944	\$ 32,730,322	\$ 30,275,077	\$ 27,431,084
All other governmental funds					
Non Spendable	\$ 115,523	\$ 96,378	\$ 79,180	\$ 69,872	\$ 89,303
Restricted	13,599,161	13,594,528	10,974,809	10,259,465	9,609,894
Committed	7,470,649	6,836,194	6,291,036	5,746,860	5,130,285
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 21,185,333	\$ 20,527,100	\$ 17,345,025	\$ 16,076,197	\$ 14,829,482

 2017		2016	 2015	2014		2013
\$ 842,327 11,186,134 473,437 13,004,169	\$	836,428 10,143,470 376,393 11,280,916	\$ 830,922 8,131,456 278,660 10,303,949	\$	825,066 1,122,589 184,972 15,513,001	\$ 819,912 1,132,514 92,126 13,886,509
\$ 25,506,067	\$	22,637,207	\$ 19,544,987	\$	17,645,628	\$ 15,931,061
\$ 102,970 8,197,796 4,952,277	\$	93,361 8,811,133 4,349,889	\$ 78,817 9,080,526 3,761,093	\$	91,688 9,403,157 4,195,561	\$ 85,744 8,493,991 3,766,506
\$ 13,253,043	\$	13,254,383	\$ 12,920,436	\$	13,690,406	\$ 12,346,241

## Morgan County, Colorado Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual accounting) (unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 21,845,182	\$ 20,467,520	\$ 19,117,614	\$ 17,948,291	\$ 17,937,109
Intergovernmental	8,843,569	8,523,470	8,668,192	8,708,522	8,484,048
Licenses and permits	125,880	113,989	118,543	102,577	97,822
Fines and forfeiture	2,243	2,160	2,055	2,265	2,757
Fee accounts	1,550,421	1,595,083	1,551,974	1,444,735	1,461,626
Charges for material/service	776,928	600,385	269,253	306,584	539,664
Interest	363,182	158,831	571,075	1,283,355	857,258
Miscellaneous	464,104	424,994	374,740	416,975	478,636
Total revenues	33,971,509	31,886,432	30,673,446	30,213,304	29,858,920
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	6,270,012	6,100,074	6,857,746	5,456,344	5,579,881
Judicial and public safety	7,675,527	6,509,001	6,291,622	6,011,334	5,577,035
Public health	-	-	-	· · · -	-
Auxiliary services	536,989	470,294	452,772	515,069	465,373
Road and bridge	7,025,699	5,874,547	6,565,394	5,163,442	5,104,051
Public welfare	5,520,282	5,282,426	5,127,164	5,030,790	5,059,410
Intergovernmental cooperation	, ,	, ,	, ,		
outlay	1,083,991	1,131,727	1,128,848	1,134,694	1,144,153
Capital outlay	2,526,014	526,538	525,827	2,810,923	3,427,560
Total expenditures	30,638,514	25,894,607	26,949,373	26,122,596	26,357,463
Excess of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	3,332,995	5,991,825	3,724,073	4,090,708	3,501,456
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	120,000	120,000	320,000	120,000	120,000
Transfers out	(120,000)	(120,000)	(320,000)	(120,000)	(120,000)
Proceeds of participation certificates	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	25,001	199,872	-	-	-
Certificate issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-
Original discount fee	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments refunded	-	-	_	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	25,001	199,872			
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,357,996	\$ 6,191,697	\$ 3,724,073	\$ 4,090,708	\$ 3,501,456

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 17,073,196	\$ 16,820,824	\$ 15,411,200	\$ 14,727,668	\$ 14,009,967
7,936,012	7,328,010	7,566,786	7,548,824	7,521,826
88,659	96,926	84,958	78,523	61,868
3,892	4,091	4,641	13,930	20,654
1,410,411	1,388,951	1,293,167	1,307,332	1,296,819
290,535	311,443	326,123	394,221	267,804
434,313	244,482	190,551	191,692	116,984
486,916	357,539	360,283	392,434	353,929
27,723,934	26,552,266	 25,237,709	 24,654,624	 23,649,851
5,011,770	4,459,590	4,261,742	4,268,427	4,698,979
5,157,630	5,022,918	5,103,613	4,606,906	3,903,282
3, 137,030	3,022,910	465,300	4,000,900	3,903,202
501,347	441,072	3,944,569	489,239	440,435
5,563,489	4,166,484	4,462,082	5,262,251	4,981,971
4,797,258	4,710,757	1,120,295	4,455,679	4,406,656
1,120,429	1,119,295	4,750,739	1,109,401	1,098,383
2,704,491	3,220,323	-,700,700	1,375,681	77,784
 24,856,414	 23,140,439	 24,108,340	 21,567,584	 19,607,490
2,867,520	3,411,827	1,129,369	3,087,040	4,042,361
120,000	120,000	120,000	310,000	200,000
(120,000)	(120,000)	(120,000)	(338,308)	(200,000)
-	-	-	-	20
-	14,340	20	-	20
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
 	 	 	 	 -
 -	 14,340	 20	 (28,308)	 40
\$ 2,867,520	\$ 3,426,167	\$ 1,129,389	\$ 3,058,732	\$ 4,042,401

# Morgan County, Colorado Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Function/Program				
General government	\$ 2,318,633	\$ 2,566,448	\$ 3,734,489	\$ 2,778,622
Judicial and public safety	1,172,535	909,275	655,579	639,147
Roads and bridges	3,346,242	3,446,871	3,030,427	3,961,236
Public welfare	4,420,457	4,207,916	4,138,235	4,008,613
Total governmental activities	11,257,867	11,130,510	11,558,730	11,387,618
Business-type activities				
Ambulance services	1,495,974	1,524,369	1,267,054	1,639,750
Solid waste services	1,285,268	1,284,894	1,176,790	1,210,304
Total business-type activities net position	2,781,242	2,809,263	2,443,844	2,850,054
Total primary government	\$ 14,039,109	\$ 13,939,773	\$ 14,002,574	\$ 14,237,672

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	2,184,081	\$	1,650,225	\$	973,245	\$	989.455	\$	1,859,970	\$	1,797,172
Ψ	688,914	Ψ	637,763	Ψ	647,872	Ψ	595,599	Ψ	1,059,970	Ψ	759,544
	3,825,694		3,370,854		3,187,142		3,529,603		3,153,758		3,722,515
	4,029,122		3,782,366		3,667,247		3,487,582		3,362,490		3,267,287
	10,727,811		9,441,208		8,475,506		8,602,239		9,435,436		9,546,518
	1,519,902		1,549,462		1,205,051		1,187,544		1,096,210		1,097,849
	1,174,866		1,062,122		1,030,125		860,302		814,740		799,465
	2,694,768		2,611,584		2,235,176		2,047,846		1,910,950	_	1,897,314
									_		_
\$	13,422,579	\$	12,052,792	\$	10,710,682	\$	10,650,085	\$	11,346,386	\$	11,443,832

# Morgan County, Colorado Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual accounting) (unaudited)

				Sales Tax and	
Year	Property Taxes	SO Taxes	Cigarette Taxes	Other	Total
2022	19,854,404	1,695,279	8,202	287,297	21,845,182
2021	18,481,069	1,669,662	10,965	305,824	20,467,520
2020	17,276,976	1,623,075	14,364	203,199	19,117,614
2019	15,881,611	1,758,505	10,387	297,788	17,948,291
2018	15,993,175	1,644,309	8,437	216,031	17,861,952
2017	15,119,847	1,641,603	6,866	223,174	16,991,490
2016	15,047,692	1,506,682	9,077	257,373	16,820,824
2015	13,579,680	1,538,445	9,235	283,840	15,411,200
2014	12,984,216	1,560,360	6,404	269,168	14,820,148
2013	12,409,909	1,456,984	7,320	170,987	14,045,200
Change					
2013-2022	37.50%	14.06%	10.75%	40.48%	35.71%



### Morgan County, Colorado Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years (unaudited)

Year Ended December 31,	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Agricultural Property	Vacant Land	Natural Resources & Utilities
2022	164,482,180	76,248,770	74,408,365	67,671,420	12,237,400	1,365,210
2021	144,752,520	74,997,600	23,567,100	62,270,370	8,338,030	3,294,010
2020	141,416,800	72,559,840	22,321,220	60,832,160	9,046,880	3,488,060
2019	108,717,860	66,135,180	21,348,010	56,813,590	6,567,670	27,800,230
2018	106,873,320	63,202,210	20,762,120	55,696,820	6,581,730	2,535,220
2017	99,827,560	53,836,470	19,108,820	50,090,040	5,078,680	3,498,090
2016	98,757,180	52,012,320	18,886,900	48,894,750	5,203,140	9,827,170
2015	89,526,130	48,428,340	17,466,450	41,139,250	4,800,170	10,886,750
2014	89,526,130	48,428,340	61,529,073	41,139,250	4,800,170	10,886,750
2013	88,806,920	46,514,960	16,403,930	40,438,820	5,020,550	11,295,580

From 2013 to 2022 commercial real property, undeveloped land, personal property and utilities were assessed at 29% of replacement cost calculated on the base year's appraised valu.e

Residential real property was assessed as follows:

	Assessment	
Year	Percentage	Base Year
2022	7.96%	2021 appraised value
2021	7.20%	2020 appraised value
2020	7.20%	2019 appraised value
2019	7.20%	2019 appraised value
2018	7.20%	2017 appraised value
2017	7.20%	2017 appraised value
2016	7.96%	2015 appraised value
2015	7.96%	2015 appraised value
2014	7.96%	2013 appraised value
2013	7.96%	2013 appraised value

Source: Morgan County Assessor's office

Note: All residential and commercial real properties are reappraised every two years in the odd year cycle bringing properties to the current market level of valuation. The residential rate is set by the Legislature and coincides with changes in the level of value. This is constitutionally required and designed to stabilize the tax burden on residential property.

Personal	Total Taxable	Tax Exempt	Total Direct	Estimated Actual	Assessed Value as a Percentage
Property	Assed Value	Property	Tax Rate	Taxable Value	of Actual Value
297,918,680	694,332,025	152,947,180	29.012	4,099,783,010	16.94%
297,168,010	675,874,830	290,803,490	29.012	4,344,739,270	15.56%
267,282,610	641,544,610	280,417,900	28.953	3,729,474,710	17.20%
260,588,560	601,683,980	268,412,190	28.961	3,543,909,210	16.98%
270,489,180	552,170,540	237,390,850	28.970	3,018,294,850	18.29%
265,521,470	521,172,180	236,862,350	28.970	3,013,820,350	17.29%
278,353,330	511,934,790	191,181,280	28.128	2,697,685,720	18.98%
289,591,670	470,619,610	176,332,860	28.948	2,728,398,820	17.25%
233,591,670	470,916,610	157,851,940	28.948	2,414,135,330	19.51%
212,940,880	445,723,250	154,546,270	28.948	2,320,211,520	19.21%

## Morgan County, Colorado Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years (Rate per \$1,000 of assesed value) (unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
County direct rates					
General Fund	19.472	19.512	19.453	19.461	19.470
Road and Bridge	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500	7.500
Human Services	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000
Total Direct Rate	28.972	29.012	28.953	28.961	28.970
City and town rates					
Brush	15.660	15.660	15.660	15.671	15.683
Fort Morgan	13.254	13.254	13.254	13.254	13.254
Hillrose	15.357	17.073	16.515	17.890	17.585
Log Lane	11.094	11.094	12.635	34.267	27.413
Wiggins	32.212	32.212	32.212	32.212	32.212
Fire districts	2.588 - 7.719	2.588 - 7.719	2.588 - 7.719	2.588 - 7.719	2.588 - 7.719
School districts	21.152 - 47.771	19.69 - 47.939	19.855 - 50.861	19.298 - 52.728	15.219 - 52.360
Other special districts	.022 - 9.034	0.000 - 25.00	0.000 - 25.00	0.000 - 9.001	.021 - 9.010

Source: Abstract of Assessments and Levies, prepared by Morgan County Assessor's office

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
19.470	19.628	19.448	19.448	19.448
7.500	6.500	6.500	6.500	6.500
2.000	2.000	3.000	3.000	3.000
28.970	28.128	28.948	28.948	28.948
_				
15.752	15.660	15.660	15.660	15.660
13.254	13.254	13.254	13.254	13.254
17.890	17.773	17.890	17.890	17.718
34.267	34.267	34.267	34.267	34.267
32.212	32.212	32.212	32.212	32.212
2.588 - 7.719	2.588 -7.719	2.991-7.719	2.588 - 7.719	2.588 - 7.719
19.500 - 45.285	17.105 - 42.449	17.128-43.801	17.128 - 43.801	17.815 - 41.252
.026 - 10.958	.027 - 10.947	.027-11.902	.027 - 11.902	.027 - 11.902

### Morgan County, Colorado Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (unaudited)

Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	2022 Rank	Percentag e of Total Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	2013 Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
Public Service Co. of Colorado	Utility	\$ 145,923,700	1	26.63%	89,080,720	1	21.56%
BNSF Railway Company	Transportation	21,293,700	2	3.89%	10,342,500	5	2.50%
Leprino Foods Company	Cheese Processing	19,681,530	3	3.59%	8,205,620	8	1.99%
Cargill Meat Solutions Corporation	Meat Processing	16,625,080	4	3.03%	13,672,260	4	3.31%
Colorado Interstate Gas Co.	Utility	16,275,300	5	2.97%	15,017,300	3	3.63%
Manchief Power Company LLC	Utility	13,261,900	6	2.42%	17,242,800	2	4.17%
Western Sugar Cooperative	Sugar Processing	10,302,620	7	1.88%	4,889,770	12	1.18%
Sterling Energy Investments LLC	Utility	9,518,910	8	1.74%	-		0.00%
Morgan County REA Association	Utility	9,324,900	9	1.70%	3,196,000	15	0.77%
Wildcat Dairy LLC	Dairy	8,188,470	10	1.49%	-		0.00%
Cargill Meat Solutions Corp (Lagoon)	Utility	6,977,180	11	1.27%	5,211,620	11	1.26%
Brush Power LLC	Utility	6,960,900	12	1.27%	9,534,900	6	2.31%
Tri-State Generation & Transmission Assoc. NE Colorado Cellular Inc (DBA	Utility	6,869,800	13	1.25%	5,933,800	9	1.44%
Viaero)	Utility	5,761,800	14	1.05%	3,306,700	14	0.80%
Young Gas Storage Company Ltd	Utility	3,491,320	15	0.64%	5,828,940	10	1.41%
Cheyenne Plains Gas Pipeline Co	Utility	-		0.00%	9,397,100	7	2.27%
Total		\$ 300,457,110	<u> </u>	54.82%	\$ 200,860,030	:	48.60%
Total assessed valuation		\$ 547,971,100	-		\$ 413,266,190		

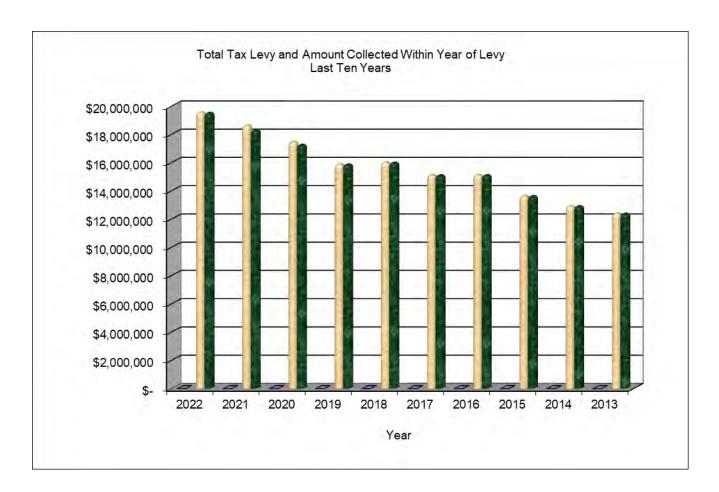
Source: Morgan County Assessor's office

### Morgan County, Colorado Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years (unaudited)

		Collected Wit	thin the Year of the	Collections in		
Year Ended	Taxes Levied		Levy	Subsequent	Total Colle	ections to Date
December 31,	for the Year (1)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2022	19,537,164	19,503,252	99.83%	0	19,503,252	99.83%
2021	18,612,493	18,268,091	98.15%	0	18,268,091	98.15%
2020	17,447,852	17,241,747	98.82%	151,151	17,392,898	99.69%
2019	15,869,790	15,847,377	99.86%	7385	15,847,073	99.86%
2018	15,994,171	15,972,255	99.86%	9,022	15,981,277	100.00%
2017	15,098,358	15,087,091	99.93%	166	15,084,258	100.00%
2016	15,104,971	15,087,298	99.88%	6,602	15,093,901	100.00%
2015	13,632,095	13,609,422	99.83%	(194)	13,609,225	100.00%
2014	12,902,798	12,890,894	99.91%	2,014	12,892,907	100.00%
2013	12,372,865	12,361,150	99.91%	7,806	12,368,956	100.00%

### Notes:

(1) This column does not include abatements and reappraisals during the year.



Source: Morgan County Treasurer

### Morgan County, Colorado Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years (unaudited)

		_		
			Percentage	
	Certificates of	Total Primary	of Personal	
Year	Participation	Government	Income '(1)	Per Capita (1)
2022	-	-	0.000%	-
2021	-	-	0.000%	-
2020	-	-	0.000%	-
2019	-	-	0.000%	-
2018	-	-	0.000%	-
2017	-	-	0.000%	-
2016	-	-	0.000%	-
2015	-	-	0.000%	-
2014	-	-	0.000%	-
2013	-	-	0.000%	-

(1) See Schedule 14 for personal income and population data.

No outstanding debt.

### Morgan County, Colorado Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2022 (unaudited)

Taxing Jurisdiction		neral Obligation ong-Term Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Overlapping Debt	
School Districts					
Brush RE-2(J) School District	\$	33,351,642	99.44%	\$	33,164,873
Fort Morgan RE-3 School District	\$	25,410,000	100.00%	\$	25,410,000
Wiggins RE-50(J) School District (2)	\$	26,280,000	27.00%	\$	7,095,600
Briggsdale RE-10 School District	\$	1,086,950	0.0001%	\$	1
Weldon Valley School District RE-20(J)	\$	70,000	99.97%	\$	69,979
Other					
Well Augmentation Subdistrict (3)	\$	20,293,477	14.00%	\$	2,841,087
Groundwater Management Subdistrict (3)	\$	24,327,750	14.00%	\$	3,405,885
Central Colorado Water Conservancy District	\$	40,367,616	6.10%	\$	2,462,425
Morgan County Quality Water District	\$	-	0.00%	\$	
Total Overlapping Debt				\$	74,449,849

Source: Debt amounts and percentages are provided by each governmental unit.

<sup>(1)</sup> Portion of debt applicable to Morgan County is determined by the ratio of the assessed value of the portion of the applicable district located within Morgan County to the total assessed value of the applicable taxing district.

<sup>(2)</sup> Updated 2022 information was not provided. Numbers listed are 2020 numbers.

<sup>(3)</sup> Updated 2022 information not received. Numbers listed are for 2021.

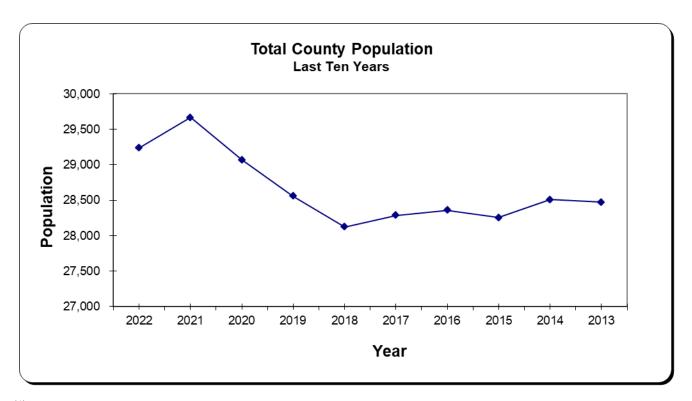
### Morgan County, Colorado Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years (unaudited)

Assessed Valuation:	
Assessed value	\$ 675,874,830
Add back: exempt real property	 71,929,270
Total assessed value	\$ 747,804,100
Legal debt margin:	_
Debt limitation - 3% of assessed value	\$ 22,434,123
No debt applicable to limitation	

		Total net debt applicable		Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of
Year	Debt limit	to limit	Legal debt margin	debt limit
2022	22,434,123	-0-	22,434,123	0.00%
2021	22,602,983	-0-	22,602,983	0.00%
2020	20,208,398	-0-	20,208,398	0.00%
2019	16,439,133	-0-	16,439,133	0.00%
2018	16,565,116	-0-	16,565,116	0.00%
2017	15,635,165	-0-	15,635,165	0.00%
2016	16,110,248	-0-	16,110,248	0.00%
2015	14,127,498	-0-	14,127,498	0.00%
2014	13,371,698	-0-	13,371,698	0.00%
2013	12,890,759	-0-	12,890,759	0.00%

### Morgan County, Colorado Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years (unaudited)

Year	Population	Personal Income1	Per Capita Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2022	29,239	1,839,542,446	62,914	37.0	5,819	12.40%
2021	29,666	1,708,227,612	57,582	36.2	5,801	12.00%
2020	29,068	1,560,428,376	53,682	35.5	5,625	11.90%
2019	28,558	1,474,335,308	51,626	36.3	5,831	2.70%
2018	28,123	1,447,097,088	51,456	36.6	5,734	3.30%
2017	28,288	1,400,114,560	49,495	36.6	5,559	2.90%
2016	28,359	1,209,227,760	42,640	36.4	6,551	2.70%
2015	28,254	1,153,889,324	39,956	36.5	5,431	3.60%
2014	28,509	1,120,745,808	39,312	36.4	5,714	3.20%
2013	28,472	989,458,944	34,752	36.4	5,553	5.20%



<sup>(1)</sup> Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population.

### Source:

www.suburbanstats.org www.cde.state.co.us www.factfinder.census.gov www.colmigateway.com



### Morgan County, Colorado Principal Private Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (unaudited)

		2022			2013		
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Cargill Meat Solutions Corporation	Beef Processing	2,100	1	12.41%	2,104	1	12.77%
Viaero Wireless	Cellular Provider	501	2	2.96%	195	7	1.18%
Leprino Foods Company	Cheese Processing Plant	350	3	2.07%	320	3	1.94%
Wal-Mart Super Center	Retail/Grocery	300	4	1.77%	111	9	0.67%
Centura St. Elizabeth Hospital (CPMC)	Hospital	260	5	1.54%	370	2	2.25%
Morgan County	Government	258	6	1.52%	-		-
East Morgan County Hospital	Hospital	250	7	1.48%	215	6	1.30%
Western Sugar (Includes Seasonal)	Sugar Processing	195	8	1.15%	225	5	1.37%
Eben Ezer Lutheran Care Center	Nursing Home	155	9	0.92%	250	4	1.52%
Xcel Energy	Utility	83	10	0.49%	111	10	0.67%
Kaiser Premier LLC Equipment	Equipment Manufacturer	75	11	0.44%		0	
Total		4,527	<u>:</u>	26.75%	3,901	<b>=</b>	23.67%
Total Morgan County Labor Force		16,924	-		16,480	_	

Source: Morgan County Economic Development

### Morgan County, Colorado Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Years (unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Function/Program				2010	2010
General Government					
Assessor	9	10	11	11	9
Board of County Commissioners	3	3	3	3	3
Building Maintenance	8	7	7	7	7
Clerk and Recorder	12	12	12	12	12
Courier	1	1	1	1	1
Finance	5	5	5	5	5
Fleet	7	7	7	7	7
Human Resources	1	1	1	1	1
Information Management Services	4	6	4	4	4
Planning and Building	5	5	4	4	4
Purchasing and Support Staff for BCC	1	1	1	1	1
Treasurer	3	3	3	3	3
Judicial and Public Safety					
Communications Center	16	16	16	14	14
Coroner	3	3	3	3	3
Corrections (Jail)	30	30	30	28	26
County Attorney	1	1	2	1	1
Emergency Management	1	1	1	1	1
Sheriff	25	25	24	23	30
Streets and Highways					
Road and Bridge	41	41	41	41	39
Auxiliary Services					
Extension	2	2	2	2	3
Fairgrounds	1	1	1	1	1
Veterans Officer	1	1	1	1	1
Health and Human Services					
Human Services	69	69	68	67	67
Business-type Services					
Ambulance Service	26	26	26	26	19
Solid Waste Management	6	6	6	6	7
Total	281	283	280	273	269

Source: Morgan County Payroll Department

Note: The numbers presented above are the number of FTE's (full-time equivalents) rounded to the nearest whole number. These numbers are from the final payroll of each respective year at December 31. The numbers do not take into account the fluctuations in staffing throughout the year, not do they include variancies at year end.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
9 3 8 12 1 5 7 1 4 4 1 3	9 3 7 11 1 5 7 1 4 3 1	9 3 7 11 1 5 6 1 4 4 2 2	9 3 8 11 1 5 7 1 4 3 1	9 3 8 12 1 5 7 1 4 3 1
14	11	14	14	13
3 26 1 1 30	3 32 1 1 24	3 28 1 1 27	3 32 1 1 23	3 31 1 1 23
39	36	36	36	36
3 1 1	2 0 1	3 0 1	3 1 1	3 1 1
67	63	63	62	60
23 7	19 7	23 7	21 6	22 6
274	255	262	259	257

### Morgan County, Colorado Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years (unaudited)

Function/Program   General Government   Assessor     Property transfers   683   1.219   1.072   1.666     Prublic Trustee		2022	2021	2020	2019
Assessor	Function/Program	_	_	_	
Property transfers   683   1,219   1,072   1,666   Public Trustee   Number of foreclosures   123   12   12   40   40   40   40   40   40   40   4	General Government				
Public Trustee   Number of foreclosures   123   12   12   40   40   40   40   40   40   40   4	Assessor				
Number of foreclosures	Property transfers	683	1,219	1,072	1,666
Clerk	Public Trustee				
Motor Vehicle transactions         63,682         53,735         52,225         53,748           Registered Voters         15,400         18,591         17,663         16,778           Planning and Building         115,400         18,591         17,663         16,778           Planning and Building         79         498         119         142           Number of parcels created         17         26         21         24           Judicial and Public Safety         2         20         24           Communications Center         07,501         51,003         62,355         73,985           Non-emergency calls         97,501         51,003         62,355         73,985           9-1-1 calls         10,674         12,667         12,086         11,537           District Attorney         304         459         405         356           Number of felony cases         68         32         19         34           Sheriff         6         73         79           Incidents handled by patrol and investigations         15,880         19,76         21,765         19,654           Streets and Highways         1         10,37         173         173         173         173		123	12	12	40
Registered Voters   15,400   18,591   17,663   16,778     Planning and Building     Number of building permits issued   79   498   119   142     Number of parcels created   17   26   21   24     Dudicial and Public Safety     Communications Center     Non-emergency calls   97,501   51,003   62,355   73,985     9-1-1 calls   10,674   12,667   12,086   11,537     District Attorney   Number of felony cases   304   459   405   356     Number of felony cases   68   32   19   34     Sheriff     Detention Center average daily population   90   60   73   79     Incidents handled by patrol and investigations   15,880   19,776   21,765   19,654     Streets and Highways     Road and Bridge   173   173   173   173     County maintained roads (miles)   1,057   1,030   1,030   1,031     County roads maintained by others (miles)   128   146   146   145     Health and Human Services     Families receiving food assistance   2,985   1,655   1,311   2,645     Seniors receiving assistance   2,154   3,293   2,636   2,359     Children receiving subsidized day care   55   1,311   2,645     Seniors receiving subsidized day care   55   1,311   3,645     Seniors receiving subsidized and receival participants   374   339   392   392     Fairgrounds   2,550   1,550   1,550   3,345   3,500     Auxiliary Services     Extension   4-H youth development program participants   37,750   3,050   3,073     Business-type Service     Number of calls   2,125   3,345   3,050   3,073     Solid Waste Management	Clerk				
Planning and Building   Number of building permits issued   79   498   119   142	Motor Vehicle transactions				
Number of building permits issued         79         498         119         142           Number of parcels created         17         26         21         24           Judicial and Public Safety           Communications Center           Non-emergency calls         97,501         51,003         62,355         73,985           9-1-1 calls         10,674         12,667         12,086         11,537           District Attorney         459         405         356           Number of felony cases         68         32         19         346           Sheriff         8         32         19         346           Number of juvenile cases         68         32         19         356           Number of juvenile cases         68         32         19         356           Number of juvenile cases         68         32         19         356           Number of juvenile cases         68         32         19         366           Number of juvenile cases         68         32         19         366           Sheiff         41         31         73         173         173         173         173         173         173 <td>_</td> <td>15,400</td> <td>18,591</td> <td>17,663</td> <td>16,778</td>	_	15,400	18,591	17,663	16,778
Number of parcels created   17	Planning and Building				
Dudicial and Public Safety   Communications Center   Series   Se	Number of building permits issued	79	498	119	142
Non-emergency calls   97,501   51,003   62,355   73,985     9-1-1 calls   10,674   12,667   12,086   11,537     District Attorney	Number of parcels created	17	26	21	24
Non-emergency calls   97,501   51,003   62,355   73,985   91-1 calls   10,674   12,667   12,086   11,537   12,087   12,086   11,537   12,087   12,086   11,537   12,087   12,086   11,537   12,087   12,087   12,087   12,087   12,087   12,087   12,087   13,587   13	Judicial and Public Safety				
9-1-1 calls         10,674         12,667         12,086         11,537           District Attorney         304         459         405         356           Number of jelony cases         68         32         19         34           Sheriff         Detention Center average daily population         90         60         73         79           Incidents handled by patrol and investigations         15,880         19,776         21,765         19,654           Streets and Highways         Road and Bridge           Bridges         173	Communications Center				
District Attorney   Number of felony cases   304   459   405   356   Number of felony cases   68   32   19   34   34   356	Non-emergency calls	97,501	51,003	62,355	73,985
Number of felony cases         304         459         405         356           Number of juvenile cases         68         32         19         34           Sheriff         8         32         19         34           Detention Center average daily population         90         60         73         79           Incidents handled by patrol and investigations         15,880         19,776         21,765         19,654           Streets and Highways           Road and Bridge         173         1	9-1-1 calls	10,674	12,667	12,086	11,537
Number of juvenile cases         68         32         19         34           Sheriff         Detention Center average daily population         90         60         73         79           Incidents handled by patrol and investigations         15,880         19,776         21,765         19,654           Streets and Highways           Road and Bridge         173         173         173         173         173         173         173         1,030         1,031	District Attorney				
Sheriff         Detention Center average daily population         90         60         73         79           Incidents handled by patrol and investigations         15,880         19,776         21,765         19,654           Streets and Highways           Road and Bridge         873         173         173         173         173           Bridges         173         1,030         1,030         1,031           County maintained roads (miles)         1,057         1,030         1,030         1,031           County roads maintained by others (miles)         54         61         61         61           County roads not maintained (miles)         128         146         146         145           Health and Human Services         414         61         61         61           Human Services         2,985         1,655         1,311         2,645           Seniors receiving food assistance         2,154         3,293         2,636         2,359           Children receiving subsidized day care         55         ***         ***         ***           Child Abuse or neglect cases reported         44         81         63         65           Auxilliary Services         4-H youth development program	Number of felony cases	304	459	405	356
Detention Center average daily population         90         60         73         79           Incidents handled by patrol and investigations         15,880         19,776         21,765         19,654           Streets and Highways           Road and Bridge         173         175         173         174	Number of juvenile cases	68	32	19	34
Incidents handled by patrol and investigations   15,880   19,776   21,765   19,654   Streets and Highways     Road and Bridge   173   173   173   173   173     Bridges   1,057   1,030   1,030   1,031     County maintained roads (miles)   54   61   61   61     County roads maintained (miles)   128   146   146   145     Health and Human Services   128   1,655   1,311   2,645     Seniors receiving food assistance   2,985   1,655   1,311   2,645     Seniors receiving assistance   2,154   3,293   2,636   2,359     Children receiving subsidized day care   55   ***   ***     Child Abuse or neglect cases reported   44   81   63   65     Auxiliary Services   2,415   3,241   3,241     Extension   4-H youth development program participants   374   339   392   392     Fairgrounds   2,550   **   4,700     County fair attendance   4,000   2,550   **   4,700     Total Complex attendance   37,750   3,000   **   33,200     Business-type Service   Number of calls   2,125   3,345   3,050   3,073     Solid Waste Management   50   50   50   50   50     Solid Waste Management   50   50   50   50   50     Solid Waste Management   50   50   50     Solid Waste Management   50	Sheriff				
Streets and Highways   Road and Bridge   Bridges   173   1	Detention Center average daily population	90	60	73	79
Road and Bridge         Bridges       173       173       173       173         County maintained roads (miles)       1,057       1,030       1,030       1,031         County roads maintained by others (miles)       54       61       61       61         County roads not maintained (miles)       128       146       146       145         Health and Human Services         Human Services       8       1,655       1,311       2,645         Seniors receiving food assistance       2,985       1,655       1,311       2,645         Seniors receiving subsidized day care       2,154       3,293       2,636       2,359         Children receiving subsidized day care       55       ***       ****       ****         Child Abuse or neglect cases reported       44       81       63       65         Auxiliary Services       Extension       374       339       392       392         Fairgrounds       2       4,000       2,550       **       4,700         County fair attendance       4,000       2,550       **       4,700         Total Complex attendance       37,750       3,000       **       33,200         Business-t	Incidents handled by patrol and investigations	15,880	19,776	21,765	19,654
Bridges         173         173         173         173           County maintained roads (miles)         1,057         1,030         1,030         1,031           County roads maintained by others (miles)         54         61         61         61           County roads not maintained (miles)         128         146         146         145           Health and Human Services           Human Services         8         8         146         146         145           Health and Human Services         8         1,655         1,311         2,645         2,645         2,985         1,655         1,311         2,645         2,359         2,636         2,359         2,636         2,359         2,645         2,454         3,293         2,636         2,359         2,454         3,293         2,636         2,359         2,459         2,454         3,293         2,636         2,359         2,459         2,450         2,459         3,45         36         65         4         4         81         63         65         65         4         4         81         63         65         4         4         4         3,33         392         392         392         392         50	Streets and Highways				
County maintained roads (miles)         1,057         1,030         1,030         1,031           County roads maintained by others (miles)         54         61         61         61           County roads not maintained (miles)         128         146         146         145           Health and Human Services           Human Services           Families receiving food assistance         2,985         1,655         1,311         2,645           Seniors receiving assistance         2,154         3,293         2,636         2,359           Children receiving subsidized day care         55         ***         ***         ***           Child Abuse or neglect cases reported         44         81         63         65           Auxillary Services         Extension         **         4-H youth development program participants         374         339         392         392           Fairgrounds         2         4,000         2,550         **         4,700           Total Complex attendance         4,000         2,550         **         4,700           Total Complex attendance         37,750         3,000         **         33,200           Business-type Services           Number of calls </td <td>Road and Bridge</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Road and Bridge				
County roads maintained by others (miles)         54         61         61         61           County roads not maintained (miles)         128         146         146         145           Health and Human Services           Human Services         3         3         3         2         3         2         3         2         636         2,359         2,645         3,293         2,636         2,359         2,610         2,154         3,293         2,636         2,359         2,610         2,154         3,293         2,636         2,359         2,610         2,359         2,610         2,359         2,636         2,359         2,610         2,359         2,610         2,359         2,636         2,359         2,636         2,359         2,636         2,359         2,636         2,359         2,636         2,359         3,65         4,81         63         65         65         4         4         81         63         65         65         4         4         81         63         65         4         4         4         81         63         85         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4         4 <t< td=""><td>Bridges</td><td>173</td><td>173</td><td>173</td><td>173</td></t<>	Bridges	173	173	173	173
County roads not maintained (miles)         128         146         146         145           Health and Human Services         Human Services           Families receiving food assistance         2,985         1,655         1,311         2,645           Seniors receiving assistance         2,154         3,293         2,636         2,359           Children receiving subsidized day care         55         ****         ****         ****           Child Abuse or neglect cases reported         44         81         63         65           Auxiliary Services         Extension           4-H youth development program participants         374         339         392         392           Fairgrounds         County fair attendance         4,000         2,550         **         4,700           Total Complex attendance         37,750         3,000         **         33,200           Business-type Services         Ambulance Service           Number of calls         2,125         3,345         3,050         3,073           Solid Waste Management	County maintained roads (miles)	1,057	1,030	1,030	1,031
Health and Human Services         Human Services       2,985       1,655       1,311       2,645         Families receiving food assistance       2,154       3,293       2,636       2,359         Children receiving subsidized day care       55       ****       ****       ****         Child Abuse or neglect cases reported       44       81       63       65         Auxiliary Services         Extension       374       339       392       392         Fairgrounds       374       339       392       392         Fairgrounds       2,550       **       4,700         Total Complex attendance       37,750       3,000       **       33,200         Business-type Services         Ambulance Service       Number of calls       2,125       3,345       3,050       3,073         Solid Waste Management	County roads maintained by others (miles)	54	61	61	61
Human Services         Families receiving food assistance       2,985       1,655       1,311       2,645         Seniors receiving assistance       2,154       3,293       2,636       2,359         Children receiving subsidized day care       55       ***       ****       ****         Child Abuse or neglect cases reported       44       81       63       65         Auxiliary Services         Extension       374       339       392       392         Fairgrounds       374       339       392       392         Fairgrounds       2,550       **       4,700         Total Complex attendance       37,750       3,000       **       33,200         Business-type Services         Ambulance Service       Number of calls       2,125       3,345       3,050       3,073         Solid Waste Management	County roads not maintained (miles)	128	146	146	145
Families receiving food assistance       2,985       1,655       1,311       2,645         Seniors receiving assistance       2,154       3,293       2,636       2,359         Children receiving subsidized day care       55       ****       ****       ****         Child Abuse or neglect cases reported       44       81       63       65         Auxiliary Services       Extension       **       4-H youth development program participants       374       339       392       392         Fairgrounds       **       4,000       2,550       **       4,700         Total Complex attendance       4,000       2,550       **       4,700         Total Complex attendance       37,750       3,000       **       33,200         Business-type Services         Ambulance Service       2,125       3,345       3,050       3,073         Solid Waste Management	Health and Human Services				
Seniors receiving assistance         2,154         3,293         2,636         2,359           Children receiving subsidized day care         55         ****         ****         ****           Child Abuse or neglect cases reported         44         81         63         65           Auxiliary Services         Extension         ***         ***         ***           4-H youth development program participants         374         339         392         392           Fairgrounds         ***         4,000         2,550         **         4,700           Total Complex attendance         37,750         3,000         **         33,200           Business-type Services           Ambulance Service         2,125         3,345         3,050         3,073           Solid Waste Management	Human Services				
Children receiving subsidized day care 55 *** *** *** *** Child Abuse or neglect cases reported 44 81 63 65  Auxiliary Services  Extension 4-H youth development program participants 374 339 392 392 Fairgrounds County fair attendance 4,000 2,550 ** 4,700 Total Complex attendance 37,750 3,000 ** 33,200  Business-type Services  Ambulance Service Number of calls 2,125 3,345 3,050 3,073 Solid Waste Management	Families receiving food assistance	2,985	1,655	1,311	2,645
Child Abuse or neglect cases reported 44 81 63 65  Auxiliary Services  Extension  4-H youth development program participants 374 339 392 392  Fairgrounds  County fair attendance 4,000 2,550 ** 4,700  Total Complex attendance 37,750 3,000 ** 33,200  Business-type Services  Ambulance Service  Number of calls 2,125 3,345 3,050 3,073  Solid Waste Management	Seniors receiving assistance	2,154	3,293	2,636	2,359
Auxiliary Services           Extension         374         339         392         392           Fairgrounds         5         5         4,000         2,550         5         4,700         4,700         6         7         7         3,000         7         33,200         33,200         8         33,200         33,200         8         33,200         8         33,200         3         3,345         3,050         3,073         3,073         3,073         3,050         3,073         3,073         3,010         3,073	Children receiving subsidized day care	55	***	***	***
Extension       4-H youth development program participants       374       339       392       392         Fairgrounds       4,000       2,550       **       4,700         Total Complex attendance       37,750       3,000       **       33,200         Business-type Services         Ambulance Service       Vumber of calls       2,125       3,345       3,050       3,073         Solid Waste Management	Child Abuse or neglect cases reported	44	81	63	65
4-H youth development program participants       374       339       392       392         Fairgrounds       4,000       2,550       **       4,700         Total Complex attendance       37,750       3,000       **       33,200         Business-type Services         Ambulance Service       2,125       3,345       3,050       3,073         Solid Waste Management       2,125       3,345       3,050       3,073	Auxiliary Services				
Fairgrounds       4,000       2,550       **       4,700         Total Complex attendance       37,750       3,000       **       33,200         Business-type Services         Ambulance Service       Vumber of calls       2,125       3,345       3,050       3,073         Solid Waste Management	Extension				
County fair attendance         4,000         2,550         **         4,700           Total Complex attendance         37,750         3,000         **         33,200           Business-type Services           Ambulance Service         Value         5,125         3,345         3,050         3,073           Solid Waste Management         Solid Waste Management         3,073         3,073         3,073	4-H youth development program participants	374	339	392	392
Total Complex attendance 37,750 3,000 ** 33,200  Business-type Services  Ambulance Service  Number of calls 2,125 3,345 3,050 3,073  Solid Waste Management	Fairgrounds				
Business-type Services Ambulance Service Number of calls 2,125 3,345 3,050 3,073 Solid Waste Management	County fair attendance	4,000	2,550	**	4,700
Ambulance Service Number of calls 2,125 3,345 3,050 3,073 Solid Waste Management	Total Complex attendance	37,750	3,000	**	33,200
Number of calls 2,125 3,345 3,050 3,073 Solid Waste Management	Business-type Services				
Solid Waste Management	Ambulance Service				
	Number of calls	2,125	3,345	3,050	3,073
Recycled tons processed 300 638 264 234	Solid Waste Management				
	Recycled tons processed	300	638	264	234

\*\*\* Department of Human Services records not available for 2019-2021 \*\*Due to Covid-19 no one able to attend Source: Information provided by individual Morgan County departments.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
1,904	2,050	839	1,755	1,549	1,804	
40	48	70	60	53	74	
66,877 16,868	86,014 15,941	71,389 16,194	68,755 14,477	58,312 15,067	63,473 15,378	
411	301	355	103	81	100	
26	15	22	25	38	19	
79,078	64,349	77,123	68,807	66,672	74,884	
10,671	9,806	10,746	10,514	9,910	8,344	
436	460	344	279	280	261	
47	40	30	59	35	38	
93	90	85 17 515	77 15,404	61 15,808	95 18 244	
19,572	20,146	17,515	15,404	15,000	18,244	
173	173	173	173	173	173	
1,035	1,034	1,036	1,036	1,056	1,056	
61 142	61 143	61 143	61 143	54 128	54 128	
142	143	143	143	120	120	
2,710	2,717	2,818	2,819	2,747	3,016	
2,668	2,745	2,634	2,617	1,800	2,186	
90	78	68	56	64	55	
67	52	59	51	48	46	
415	368	378	397	397	401	
4,650	4,200	4,300	4,100	4,000	4,000	
33,185	31,730	32,060	30,950	30,570	30,570	
2,831	2,726	2,526	2,444	2,355	2,181	
348	566	318	349	417	356	

### Morgan County, Colorado Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years (unaudited)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Function/Program					
Judicial and Public Safety					
Communications Center console positions	5	5	5	5	3
Communications Center vehicles	3	3	3	1	1
911 Emergency Telephone towers	3	3	3	3	3
Emergency Management vehicles	1	1	1	1	1
Courtrooms - district and county	3	3	3	3	3
Jail	1	1	1	1	1
Jail vehicles	3	3	3	3	3
Patrol vehicles	14	15	15	14	14
Sheriff Investigation & Administrative vehicles	13	13	13	13	13
Streets and Highways					
Graders	15	15	15	15	15
Grader sheds	6	6	6	6	6
Trucks	24	24	24	24	24
Heavy equipment	10	10	10	10	10
Other equipment	56	55	55	56	54
Vehicles	21	21	21	21	20
Health and Human Services					
Building	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	9	9	9	9	9
Auxiliary Services					
Extension Office	1	1	1	1	1
Event Center	1	1	1	1	1
Fairgrounds	1	1	1	1	1
Fairground heavy equipment	3	3	3	3	3
Fairground vehicles	1	1	1	1	1
Ambulance Service					
Buildings	3	2	2	2	2
Ambulance vehicles	8	8	7	7	7
Administrative vehicles	1	1	1	1	1
Solid Waste Management					
Landfill site	1	1	1	1	1
Transfer sites	0	0	0	0	0
Equipment	6	5	5	5	5
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government.

Source: Information provided by individual Morgan County departments

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
4 1 3 1 3 1 3 14 13	4 1 3 1 3 1 3 14 13	4 1 3 1 3 1 3 14 13	4 1 3 1 3 1 3 14 13	4 1 3 4 3 1 3 13
15	15	15	15	15
6	6	6	6	6
24	24	24	24	24
10	10	10	10	10
55	48	44	39	37
20	20	22	19	6
1	1	1	1	1
9	9	9	9	9
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	3
1	1	1	1	1
3	2	2	2	3
7	8	7	8	8
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
0	0	0	0	6
5	5	5	5	4
3	3	3	3	3



SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	N





6025 SOUTH QUEBEC STREET, SUITE 260 CENTENNIAL, COLORADO 80111 303-792-3020 (o) | 303-232-7237 (f) WWW.WCRCPA.COM

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Morgan County Fort Morgan, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Morgan County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Morgan County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon.

## Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Morgan County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Morgan County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Morgan County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

## Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Morgan County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CENTENNIAL, COLORADO

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC

August 28, 2023



6025 SOUTH QUEBEC STREET, SUITE 260 CENTENNIAL, COLORADO 80111 303-792-3020 (o) | 303-232-7237 (f) www.wcrcpa.com

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Morgan County

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Morgan County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Morgan County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. Morgan County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Morgan County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Morgan County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Morgan County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Morgan County's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Morgan County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Morgan County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Morgan County's compliance with the
  compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
  considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Morgan County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Morgan County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a

federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully,

CENTENNIAL, COLORADO

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Program	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services	10.561	21.001
Food Assistance Administration	10.561	216,901
Total Department of Agriculture		216,901
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services		
Child Care Cluster		
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	334,204
Care and Development Fund	93.596	196,813
Total Child Care Cluster		531,017
CRF	93.747	10,487
TANF	93.558	919,383
Title IV-D	93.563	397,055
Title IV-B	93.645	7,896
Title IV-E	93.658	629,675
Adoption	93.659	235,775
Tile XX Block Grant	93.667	139,427
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Block Grant	93.568	336,537
Guardianship Assistance - ARRA	93.090	3,170
Chafee Assistance	93.674	220,829
Department of Health Care Policy and Financing		
Title XIX Medicaid Assistance Program	93.778	500,258
Total Department of Health and Human Services		4,148,410
U.S. Department of Justice		
Passed through State of Colorado		
Victims Assistance Program	16.575	41,472
SCAAP	16.606	38,355
Total Department of Justice		79,827
U.S. Department of Homeland Security		
Passed through State of Colorado		
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	42,058
Total Department of Homeland Security	37.1012	42,058
Total Department of Homeland Security		<del></del>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		

See the accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

## MORGAN COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Morgan County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Morgan County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Morgan County

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### 3. STATE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM

In 2004, the State of Colorado (the State) implemented the new Colorado Benefits Management System (CBMS), which consolidated legacy systems into one system and also incorporated a rules engine for determining eligibility and calculating and issuing benefits payments. As a result, the counties and the State split eligibility determination functions for certain federal Human Services' programs under CBMS. Counties are responsible for data collection from applicants and data entry of applicable information into CBMS. Concurrently, the State maintains the computer system supporting the eligibility determination process and pays benefits to the participants. The actual eligibility and payment determinations become the State's responsibility utilizing CBMS.

#### 4. SUBRECIPIENTS

No federal awards were passed through to subrecipients for the year-ended December 31, 2022.

## HUMAN SERVICES PROGRAMS

The County's Department of Human Services operates several federally funded human services programs where benefits are provided to qualified citizens. The benefit distribution method consists of participants receiving benefits using a state-maintained electronic banking card (EBT) instead of the City's cash disbursements. The Colorado Department of Human Services provided total EBT authorizations to qualified citizens in the County, in the amount of \$12,131,502. The revenue and expenditures associated with these federal programs are not recognized in the County's basic financial statements.

## 6. INDIRECT COST RATE

Morgan County has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## MORGAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## SUMMARY OF AUDITORS RESULTS

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weaknesses identified?	Yesx	No
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	d?Yes	<u> </u>
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	_x_No
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	x None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	<u>x</u> No
Identification of major federal programs:	<b>93.658</b> Foster Care Title IV-E	
	10.561 SNAP Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between \$ type A and type B programs:	750,000	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	Yes No	

## MORGAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

**Section II: Financial Statement Findings** 

There were no findings.

**Section III: Federal Awards Findings** 

There were no findings.

**Section IV: Status of Prior Year Findings** 

There were no findings for the year ended December 31, 2021.